THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 63

FOR RENT.

HOUSE FOR RENT.—The Residence of J. Stanwood Menken on Brinkley avenue, north of Poplar street, for rent on reasonable terms. Apply to Menken Bros. oc26 1m

FOR RENT.—A Front Room in the house, No. 14 Jefferson street, suitable for cotton broker, lawyer or doctor. It adjoins the editorial room of the Appeal. Inquire of JOHN AINSLIE, at the Appeal office. oc27

FOR RENT.—An elegant Residence on Union street; and two New Cottages convenient to business. Rent very low. Apply to HANSON & SWINGLEY, oc22 tf Attorneys, 15 Union street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—The whole or a fractional part of section 12, township 2, range 10 west, in DeSoto county, Miss., 2¾ miles from Harkleroads and 4 miles from Senatobia Front. About 400 acres on a ridge from 2 to 4 feet above the highest overflow—60 acres cleared.
H. L. BEDFORD,
novl 1w Germantown, Tenn.

FOR SALE.—A good chance for a baker or confectioner is to buy my place in Columbus, Ky., at the railroad depot and steamboat landing. Very good stand for retail and trade business. Lot 25 by 100, with store, bakery and a good dwelling house. Price $1000. Must be sold within a month.
FRANK KIRCHNER, Proprietor.
Columbus, Ky., October 25, 1868. oc28 2w

FOR SALE.—A good second-hand STEAM SAW MILL and fixtures, all complete. Inquire of Henry T. Jones, Adm'r of Wm. C. Harrison, deceased, at Germantown, for terms.
HENRY T. JONES, Adm'r
oc21 law3w* of W. C. Harrison, dec'd.

FOR SALE—PATENT RIGHT.—The Patent Right of a newly invented "Lock Guard" for any State in the Union can be secured by application to the undersigned. It is useful, and will pay active men who engage in its sale. One in use at this office, where those interested can inspect it. Address
au9 tf SAM SHLOSS, Appeal.

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—My lands, 2 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 3 acres to 300. My residence, with from 14 to 24 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city.
jel7 N. M. TREZEVANT.

WANTS.

WANTED—By a competent man, a situation as Book-keeper or Salesman—a Cotton and Grocery house preferred. The applicant has been engaged in business in Memphis for twelve years. The best of city and country references given. Address T., care J. M. Keating, APPEAL office. sell

STOLEN.

HORSE STOLEN.—On last Tuesday night, about 11 o'clock, from my lot, my riding HORSE. I followed him as far as Holly Springs and LaGrange. The thief offered him for sale in both the livery stables at Holly Springs. I am inclined to think he will make for the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. Said horse is a large bay, 15¾ hands high, very broad across the loins, a little larger on the left hip than the right, left hind foot white, broad flat forehead, walks and trots well, and a No. 1 leaper, very short-tailed for a horse of his size; on the left shoulder is a brand M, and J. P. under it, and a J. P. on the left hip; saddle and harness marks around his girth, a scar on one of his ankles, I don't recollect which; mane a little worn by collar. I will give Fifty Dollars for the recovery of the horse or any information so that I will get him again, or One Hundred Dollars for the thief and horse.
F. J. EOYDT.
Sardis, Miss., October 1, 1868. oc6 1m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a meeting of the Incorporators and Stockholders of the Memphis, Holly Springs, Okalona and Selma Railroad, at Okalona, on MONDAY, November 9th, for the purpose of organization. A prompt and full attendance is expected.
oct30 N. B. FORREST, President, protem.

Notice.

I HAVE a good EIGHTY SAW PRATT GIN, which I will sell cheap. I refer to Messrs. Galbreath, Stewart & Co.
oct W A. WRIGHT.

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well improved Plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, nearer home.
ap18 A. WRIGHT.

LAWYERS.

JOHN P. CARUTHERS. WM. J. SYKES.

CARUTHERS & SYKES,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Ayres Building,
West Side Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.
oct4 1m

ALBERT PIKE. CHARLES W. ADAMS. L. H. PIKE

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,
Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.

☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.

Office to the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.

PIKE & JOHNSON,
Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS firm will practice in the United States Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or in the Departments.

The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has long been known in the highest courts of the country; and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. jy3-sep10 1y

S. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,

IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

CINCINNATI.

ESTABLISHED 1837,

PROCTOR & GAMBLE
CINCINNATI.

SOAP, CANDLES, OILS,
Starch, Toilet Soaps, Refiners of Lard.

☞ Candles SOLD BY ACTUAL WEIGHT. Send for Price List. oc22 3m

JOHN DUBOIS. JAS. S. AUGUR. W. H. WILLIAMS

DUBOIS & AUGUR,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND DEALERS IN
PLANTATION SUPPLIES
47 Race Street, Cincinnati.
sep6 3m

E. O. HURD. BURCKHARDT & CO.

E. O. HURD & CO.,
Cotton Commission Merchants
No. 101 Sycamore Street, Cincinnati.

LIBERAL advances made on consignments. Orders for Goods solicited. sep9 1y

OYSTER BAY,
UNDER THE
VARIETIES THEATER.

Oysters Served in Every Style.

☞ OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. oc27 1m

ITEMS OF ALL SORTS.

—London has 350,000 houses.

—Jeddo, Japan, is now Tookei.

—Switzerland wants the money-order system.

—The Prussian army in time of war contains 710,000 men and 174,900 horses. Of the young men mustered for military service in Prussia this year, sixty per cent. were able-bodied, while forty per cent. were not fit for service.

—The death of the king of Paris *restaurateurs*, Pascal, proprietor of the celebrated Maison Philippe, Rue Montorgueil, is reported. The hope has been expressed that the receipt for his *potage a la bisque* will be found among his papers.

—The expense of supplying the district of Camberwell, near London, with water, is so great, that the American tube wells, used so successfully in Abyssinia, are about to be introduced. Each well, it is stated, can be sunk for five dollars per foot.

—Alree, the gymnast, had a bad fall in the city of Mexico. He was hanging by one foot, when he had a rush of blood to the head and tumbled on the netting. Jumping, he clambered again up the rope, only to lose his grasp of the ring and fall this time to the floor, sixty feet.

—The tobacco manufacturers of the Atlantic States it is reported, are making arrangements for the erection at Louisville, Ky., of extensive buildings for redrying and cutting tobacco. One firm is now engaged in putting up a factory 100 feet deep, thirty wide and three stories high, and will employ 100 hands in the business of packing tobacco.

—According to the report of an eminent collector of statistics, the proportions which the different races of the Austrian Empire bear to each other are as follows: In every thousand 254 are Germans, 186 Czechs and Slovachs, 154 Magyars, 85 Ruthenians, 83 Croats and Serbs, 82 Wallachs, 68 Poles, 34 Slovens, 32 Israelites, 16 Italians, and 6 not classified.

—Below will be found what is deemed a proper text from which to preach the funeral sermon of Ben. Butler: From Jeremiah iii., 19: "And the basins, and the firepans, and the bowls, and the caldrons, and the candlesticks, and the spoons, and the cups; that which was of gold, in gold, and that which was of silver, in silver, the captain of the guard took away."

—Some one who had no visible means of support, and does not deserve any, has calculated that the snuff annually consumed in France would make thirty columns as large as that in the Place Vendome, the smoking tobacco would make a solid cube as large as the Arc d'Etoile, chewing tobacco would fill 3780 two-hectolitre casks, and the cigars, laid end to end, would stretch round the globe twice at the equator.

—The Island of Jersey, off the coast of France, but belonging to Great Britain, has become celebrated for its crops of early potatoes. The land is manured to an extraordinary degree, with sea weed, stable manure, and Peruvian guano, to force the potatoes forward. The crop is sent to the London market early, and obtains so great a price that an acre of early potatoes is valued at $800 in gold.

—Brighton, England, is to have an immense aquarium, 1250 feet long, with a proportionate width. A company has been formed, and the town council will probably contribute the sum of £1000 toward the construction of this aquarium, which will be, when completed, one of the chief attractions of a place already one of the most popular of English seaside resorts. The plans and drawings promise a very complete aquarium.

—At a recent dinner, at which no ladies were present, a man in responding to the toast on "woman," dwelt almost solely on the frailty of the sex, claiming that the best among them were but little better than the worst, the chief difference being in the surroundings. At the conclusion of his speech a gentleman rose and said: "I hope the gentleman, in the application of his remarks, referred to his *own* mother and sisters, and not to *ours*."

—The ordnance manufactured by the celebrated steel-workers, the Krupps, has lately been modified so as to produce much more formidable results. The improvement, it is stated, consists in the enlarging of the chamber in which the cartridge is lodged. The charge is to be double what it was, while the ball remains at the former weight of 200 pounds. When tried side by side with the nine-inch Armstrong, having a ball of 227 pounds, the Krupp gun, it is alleged, proved greatly the superior.

—Bourbouze is the name of a new gas light now used in France. It is reported to be as bright as the oxyhydrogen light, while it costs less. Coal gas, intimately mixed with atmospheric air, is urged by gentle pressure through a tube, and passes through a metal plate full of holes. Many jets are thus formed, which, after being driven through a fine tissue of platinum wire, are lighted. The platinum soon becomes white hot, and so brilliant that the eye can hardly bear it. Thirty-five feet of gas is consumed per hour.

—It has been discovered that at Forres, in Scotland, there is an extraordinary deflection from the plumb line. It is well known that this is common near large mountains, but in this case there are no mountains near. It is conjectured that underneath there must be a mass of unusually solid matter. The extent and direction of the deflection are to be determined by a very ingenious use of two clocks, one at a distance which will cause a magnet to click by an electric wire beside another clock at Forres. The cause will be investigated afterwards.

—Justus Liebig, the celebrated Munich chemist, complains bitterly of the number of fooli-h and impertinent letters which, he says, he receives every day, from nearly all quarters of the globe. He says his letter mail often comprises, on a single day, two hundred letters, written in eight or ten different languages, and mostly containing inquiries about the most simple chemical problems, the solution of which may be found in any elementary handbook of chemistry. "Not only," says Professor Liebig, in a letter addressed to an Augsburg paper, "am I utterly unable to answer most of these letters, but they rob me of much valuable time."

—The ex-King of Hanover, a grandson of George III, of Great Britain, intends, it is stated, to take his seat in the English House of Lords, under his title of Duke of Cumberland. A curious question has been raised, whether the royal marriage act, which provided that without the consent of the crown, no descendant of George II should contract matrimony, affects the family relations of this throneless King. Eight sovereigns were present at the marriage, in 1843, of the ex-King of Hanover, and it would be remarkable if, after all the parade of the occasion, the ceremony was invalid, and if the supposed hereditary Prince Ernest Augustus has no title to his rank or his possessions in England.

—Mrs. Basil Williamson recently died, at Charlestown, Va., aged 89 years. She was a signer to the deed to General Washington for the Harper's Ferry property for a national armory—a spot selected by himself. In early days she advised her sons and other young friends how they could make themselves a name, by pointing to the career of three lads who left Jefferson county (then Berkeley), to settle among the wild Indians of the Northwestern Territory. She said: "We were feasting and dancing at the neighbors' houses for a week before these young men started, and when they bade us farewell there was not a dry eye, as we never expected to see them again, thinking the Indians would slay them at sight." The names of these young men were Thomas Worthington, Edward Tiffin and Robert Lucas, each of whom became Governor of Ohio.

GRAPES.

The Crop of the United States.

From the New York Tribune.]

By all accounts the aggregate crop of grapes this year is larger than ever before. The leading varieties are the Catawba, Isabella, Diana, Clinton, Delaware, Concord, and Hartford Prolific. Some of the newer sort, and some recently brought into notice, such as the Ions, Ives's Seedling Norton's Virginia, and several of Rogers's Hybrids, are yielding very well. There are no sources from which we can make a correct estimate of the amount of this year's crop. But the principal localities where the grapes are grown are the thriving fruit towns of Hammonton and Vineland, and several places around Philadelphia, along the Hudson river, and here and there in New England. In Western New York the planting has been extensive, for the soil and climate are so favorable that all the finer sorts, such as the Catawba, Delaware and Diana do extremely well, and we presume the Iona also flourishes. From this region, along the southern shore of Lake Erie to the mouth of the Maumee, in Ohio, in a belt at least 300 miles long, and from three to four miles broad, all these varieties are planted in vineyards with great success. But it is to be noted that this district is about equally divided into a clay, or shale, and a sandy soil, and that it is only upon the former that the finest fruit and the most uniform crops are obtained. Opposite Sandusky is a cluster of islands, six or eight in number, which have become famous for fine grapes. On Point-Pelee, belonging to Canada, one of the largest of the group, planting has commenced but recently. The next grape region lies on the southern half of the eastern shore of Lake Michigan. On the western shore the winters are so severe that the vines winter-kill, which is owing to the land breeze from the interior. Next in importance come the shores of the Mississippi, commencing at Quincy and extending above Burlington. In all these localities the Catawba uniformly ripens, though there are exceptional years when to some extent it mildews. To decide whether a locality is favorable for grape-growing, the only test is the growth of the Catawba, for if this does well all other kinds will. Of grape regions which may be called second class, are to be mentioned the slate hills of Western Pennsylvania, particularly around Pittsburg, the hills of the Ohio shore down as far as Caledonia, within fifteen miles of the mouth of this river, the timbered region of Southern Illinois, and also the prairie south of 39°, while considerable vineyards are in bearing north of this parallel, in Central Illinois. There are extensive vineyards in the neighborhood of St. Louis, and along the Iron Mountain Railroad south, and extending as much as fifty miles into the mineral region. On the plateau of Central Iowa the Concord has produced magnificent crops, and considerable planting with varied success has been done in Indiana.

It is asserted that Maryland, Delaware and Virginia shores excel for grape growing, but as yet we possess no positive information that such is the case except for varieties like Concord. There is no doubt that a variety of grape suited for the Southern States is required; at least, those which do well at the North have not so far done equally well in the South. The Scuppernong is said to be what is wanted, but it lacks flavor as a table grape when compared even with the Concord. The trouble seems to be that no kind has a foliage sufficiently hardy to withstand the alternations of heat by day and cold by night; besides, the seasons are too long to suit a grape which in the North matures upon the verge of frost. Still, with regard to grape-growing in the South, more experiments are required, as well as a general analysis of soils and attention to peculiar localities. When these conditions are regarded, success may be looked for; nor was it attained in the north in any other way. Of grape growing in California, we learn that it is a recent discovery that grapes grow better on high ground, where irrigation is impossible, than on the alluvial soil where they have hitherto been grown. This has led to increased planting, and it is confidently predicted that the quality of the wine will be so improved as to compete with the choicest European brands. Several new grapes are now demanding attention. One which will do as well through the interior of the North as the Catawba does in the water climates of Western New York and Northern Ohio, and without the requirements of slate or shale soil, will be in great demand, and will add immensely to the grape interest of our country. Still, within the limitations of culture above specified, the business is assuming vast proportions, and even now, in what may be called its infancy, the crop is of the value of several millions of dollars.

In all the grape districts mentioned, wine-making is carried on with considerable success. At Hammonsport, Cleveland and Sandusky, on the islands, and on the Upper Mississippi, at Hermann, and at Cincinnati, extensive wine cellars have been constructed, and large quantities of wine made. The quality has, with particular manufactures, improved with each year, and a taste for American wine has been cultivated, but there is room for great improvement.

The Paris Girls.

At the public balls you will remark the rare beauty of the girls—girls and women of the people. The black eyed or blonde Parisian, slender, graceful, nervous, all fire and action, or the peasant girl, large, round, soft, ruddy, quiet. One obscure Paris model, I knew, was a tall, blonde Lombard girl, with luxuriant tawny hair, which, always in "admired disorder" was simply drawn back and twisted on the head. She loved Victor Hugo's books, and was a Red Republican, and would have fought and sung on the barricades like an Amazon of Liberty, with the same careless spirit that she sang and sat in Parisian studios. She had eyes blue as her own Adriatic, a finely formed mouth, a fair skin, and a superb neck, well placed. She carried her head like a swan. Although poor, almost homeless, no social slavery had touched her. Her face was wild and free like Bacchante's. A great painter could have found an immortal type in her large noble face and heroic figure—could have seen under the rags of her poverty an antique figure, sister of the Venus of Milo. How long would an artist have to hunt in New York or Boston for such a type? We produce one type—"the girl of the period"—who generally overdresses, who is pert and trivial, who is intelligent and vivacious, but dreams just as little as her brother the clerk, or her father the banker. They have but one idea—it is to advance. The girl of the Continent dreams, feels poetry, is impressive, naive, and has sentiment; if of the people, she is generous and respects her impulses. I have seen in Paris, at the public concerts, French girls, white and blonde, demure and delicate like New England Sunday school teachers; looking at them, you could not expect anything but a tract or a hymn, but they give you something very different. A type very often seen is the beautiful dark woman, with an oval face, dead olive skin, very pale Oriental eyes, stained with henna, hair in great flat bands on the temples, coiled and twisted behind, a type admired by Gautier, Baudelaire, and De Musset, the kind of woman of whom De Musset wrote: "Two destroying angels, sweet and cruel, walks invisible at her side, they are Voluptuousness and Death."—*Atlantic.*

—Adulteresses are punished in a very peculiar manner in certain parishes in Hungary. The pastor of the parish in which they live, has them chained on Sunday to a tree or post in front of the church, and describes them, in flaming words, the enormity of the offense which the poor creatures have committed, the crowd meanwhile jeering and hallooing all the time. Stripes are added to this punishment in peculiarly heinous cases.

BREADSTUFFS.

The Movements of Western Breadstuffs.

From the New York Bulletin.]

The break in the Western breadstuffs trade affords another illustration of the injurious effects of dealers attempting to carry heavy stocks during the autumn in anticipation of better prices. On the 24th of October, in Chicago, wheat which cost the holders in the early part of the season, $1 50 per bushel, or over, was quoted at $1 25 with purchasers holding back in anticipation of a further decline. Flour, corn, and other cereals have declined in a corresponding ratio, causing heavy losses to holders. There can be no doubt that these losses might have been at least partially averted by timely concessions earlier in the season. But at the commencement of the harvest, dealers appeared to think that they could carry their stocks at the prevailing prices, and held back in the face of the incoming crops. This action was chiefly based upon the expectation of a large demand for breadstuffs from England, and when the markets of that country proved to be better supplied than was anticipated, a decline took place in the West.

At the present time the Western markets yield slowly to the influence of the reduction in prices, and operations are on a limited scale, and appear likely to remain so, until the market has touched bottom. Thus the navigable season will probably terminate without any extensive movement of breadstuffs to the East. There are unusually large accumulations of breadstuffs at nearly all the Western ports. In Chicago and Milwaukee the stocks are largely in excess of the quantity in store at the corresponding period last year. As navigation must soon close, there is a prospect that these supplies will be largely increased during the winter, and that the capacity of Western storehouses will be tested to the utmost. Grain moves slowly forward during the winter, when the close of the canals places shippers at the mercy of railroad companies.

Western dealers have yet to realize that stocks of grain can be carried during the winter at lower prices in the East than in the West, and that the detention of breadstuffs from the market at this season of the year is ultimately injurious to nearly all concerned. In place of hurrying forward as much produce as possible during the last few weeks of navigation, it is usually held back, to be forwarded in the spring frequently without any advance in prices. Statistics for the crop year of 1866-67 show that about 42 per cent. of the supply of wheat, corn and oats was sent East during the first three months; 24 per cent. within the next six months, and 34 per cent. within the last three months. It thus appears that 58 per cent. of the Eastern supply is held back until after the close of navigation. The large stocks of the Western ports show that this detention arises from other causes than the non delivery of grain by farmers, and is to be attributed to the difference of views about prices that occur at the close of the harvest year between Eastern buyers and Western sellers.

This detention of crops by no means results in improved prices for Western dealers. The stocks coming forward are usually pretty accurately estimated and discounted in the Eastern markets, and when the large accumulations of grain move forward at the commencement of navigation it is usually at prices that do not cover the extra expenses of winter storage, and the cost of carrying the crops. The large amount of capital locked up in grain during the winter months also causes a stringency in the money market that operates injuriously to Western trade. A prompt movement of as much produce as possible before the close of navigation is equally beneficial to Western dealers and consumers at large.

The Pacific Lumber Trade.

The Weekly *Oregonian* says: This branch of commerce on the Pacific coast is fast becoming one of the most important features in the enterprise and industry of our people. The inexhaustible forests of the best timber in the world, which clothe a great part of the country, together with the surpassing natural facilities for their conversion into lumber, and its transportation, give us an advantage over any other section of the United States. Already the lumber of this coast is finding a market in all parts of the globe. The extensive mills in the region of Puget Sound furnish annually many millions of feet, and supply a great and growing demand. And there is no reason why Oregon should not receive her share of the rich harvest derived from the vast amount of this product exported to other shores. Our own resources in this regard are not greatly inferior to those of our sister Territory. The northern portion of the Willamette Valley, in almost any part of the world except the Pacific, would be deemed to be exceedingly well adapted to the production of this staple article of commerce. Portland in many respects is so situated that this branch of trade engaged in with due enterprise could not fail to be largely remunerative. Yet the three mills in our city would scarcely more than supply the home demand were it not for the quantities constantly furnished from the adjacent mills at Oswego, St. Helens and Westport. The constant growth of our city requires the annual consumption of an amount equal if not greater than that produced. Our mines, agricultural resources, fisheries, and lumber trade, combined, present the most attractive field for the investment of capital in the United States.

Twenty and even ten years in the history of our State, with the completion of a railroad connecting us with the East, will witness astonishing rapidity in the development of their inexhaustible resources.

GROCERS.

RETAIL STOCK OF GROCERIES.
No. 115 Beal, Corner Hernando.

BEING about to remove to NO. 176 FRONT street, rather than move my stock as above, I will sell the same, together with the Unexpired Term of my Lease,

ON REASONABLE TERMS.

If application is made immediately.
oc20 WM. A. FITCHNER.

J. P. COFFIN, CHAS. COFFIN,
Late with Toof, Phillips & Co., HECTOR COFFIN.

COFFIN BROS.,
DEALERS IN
Choice Groceries,
392 Main Street,
(Gayoso Block,) MEMPHIS, TENN.

JUST receiving, fresh assortments of all leading goods in their line.
Shaker Preserves, Jellies—assorted;
Golden Syrup, Family Syrup, Sugar House Molasses;
Coffees—Rio, Laguayra, Java and Mocha;
The fine the market;
Mackerel do do No. 1; Salmon in kits and Pickerel; White Fish, Codfish, in bulk, and Deselected;
Choice Lard in caddies and in Tin Cans, 10 lbs., 20 lbs. and 40 lbs.

N. B.—Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city. oc23

Masonic Expulsion.

OFFICE OF HAMILTON LODGE, No. 299, F. A. M., MEMPHIS, TENN., September 17, 1868.

THIS is to notify all men, and particularly the Craft, that DAVID L. CLORE was, on the 14th day of April, 1868, expelled from all the rights and privileges of Masonry by Hamilton Lodge, No. 299, for unmasonic conduct, and the action of said Lodge was ratified by the Grand Lodge of Tennessee at the last Annual Communication.
HENRY J. LYNN, W. M.
Attest: JOHN W. GRAHAM, Sec'y, protem.
All papers friendly to the cause of Masonry will please copy. oct3 1m

CLOTHING.

MANUFACTORY
No 13 Barclay Street, N. Y.

A. W. SPROULE & CO.,
No. 74 Fourth Street St. Louis.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE.
Cor. Fourth and Main Sts., Louisville.

SPROULE & M'COWN,
No. 34 St. Charles Street, New Orleans.

SPROULE & M'COWN,
Corner Washington and Crawford Streets, Vicksburg.

SPROULE & M'COWN
221
MAIN STREET
UNDER
WORSHAM HOUSE,
MEMPHIS,
ARE NOW RECEIVING
—THEIR—
FALL & WINTER
STOCK OF GENTS'
FINE CLOTHING
—AND—
Furnishing Goods.
Deal Exclusively in Fine
Custom-Made Goods.
HAVING AMPLE MEANS, WE
BUY EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH,
AND HAVING
NO MANUFACTURERS' PROFIT TO PAY
AND EVERY
Facility the Market Affords,
WE WILL MAKE IT
TO THE ADVANTAGE OF ALL
TO BUY
FIRST CLASS GOODS
SPROULE & McCOWN,
221 MAIN STREET,
Under Worsham House
Memphis, Tennessee.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

WM. H. ANDREWS,
Grocer
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
280 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.
sep20 3m

C. DICKMANN, New Orleans. WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis.

DICKMANN & HILL,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 38 Union Street, : : New Orleans

WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis. C. DICKMANN, New Orleans.

W. K. HILL & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
Grocers & Commission Merchants
—DEALERS IN—
Plantation Supplies Generally,
NO. 320 FRONT STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN

REFERRING to the above cards, we respectfully solicit consignments of Cotton and other Country Produce. Will make liberal Cash Advances on Consignments to either house. All consignments shipped by river will be covered by insurance, and while in store, unless otherwise instructed.

FOR SALE. A general stock of Groceries and Plantation Supplies at low market rates, consisting of BAGGING, IRON TIES, ROPE, TWINE, BACON, PORK, LARD, COFFEE, SUGARS, MOLASSES, MEAL, WHISKY, WOODWARE, etc. Respectfully,
W. K. HILL & CO.,
au12 3m No. 320 Front street

R. A. MOON,
Cotton Factor, Produce and Commission Merchant,
252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn., Commercial Block.

THANKFUL for the patronage of the past season (far exceeding anything I could have reasonably expected under the circumstances), it affords me pleasure to again offer my services to the planting community seeking for openings as a market for the sale of their Cotton and other Products. My personal attention will be devoted to the sale of all Consignments from my friends. My charges, as heretofore, for selling Cotton, will be *One Dollar per Bale*. Commissions, Consignments in transit, or in store insured in my Own Policy, unless instructed to the contrary. Liberal advances, and supplies of all kinds furnished at the lowest cash prices.
sep22 daw3m R. A. MOON.

J. C. NEELY. S. H. BROOKS. H. M. NEELY.

BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
COTTON FACTORS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
PLANTATION SUPPLIES,
BOAT AND BAR STORES,
No. 276 Front Street,
(Between Court and Madison,)
MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.
aug4 3m

WM. VESEY. J. T. CARTWRIGHT.

VESEY & CARTWRIGHT,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 299 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

COTTON, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Wines and Liquors always on hand, and for sale at the lowest market rates. Agents for Madison XX Ale. oc25 1m

J. J. RAWLINGS. J. L. WEBB. J. L. RAWLINGS.

J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 254 Front Street.
UP STAIRS, - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ We will sell all COUNTRY PRODUCE consigned to us au13 3m

HUGH TORRANCE,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
Gen'l Commission Merchant,
NO. 10 JEFFERSON ST., TITUS BLOCK,
OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE
sep16 1m

F. W. IRVINE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 278 Front Street, Up-stairs,
Over R. S. Taylor & Co.,
MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.
sep13 3m

RALPH WORMELEY,
(Late Wormeley, Pickett & Co.)
COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 316 Front street, Memphis.

I shall continue the Commission Business at the above stand, where I shall be happy to see all of my friends, many of whom I have served for twenty years, and now again place my service at their command, earnestly soliciting consignments of Cotton and other Produce, assuring them of my continued efforts to serve them faithfully, and to guard with zealousness their interests.

Supplies furnished, and liberal advances made on Cotton in store. All Cotton insured unless otherwise instructed.
sep— RALPH WORMELEY.

E. B. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn. JOHN W. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn.

E. B. WEBBER & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
330 FRONT STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. Bagging, Rope and Plantation Supplies furnished at the lowest market rates. au1 3m*

W. J. PORTER & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 142 Pearl Street, New York.
—REFER TO—
First National Bank, DeSoto Bank, Jackson Insurance Company, Memphis, Tenn.; First National Bank, John W. Allen, Banker, Nashville Tenn.; Thos. Eakin, Banker, New York; Baker & Co., Commercial Merchants, Commercial Bank, Lafayette Bank, Dubois & Augur, Commission Merchants, Wm. Glenn & Sons, Grocers, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments, by our Agent.

Maj. J. J. BUSBY, 274 Front St., Memphis

W. G. PATTERSON, of Grenada, Miss., oct11 tf Traveling Agent.

D. H. TOWNSEND,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 256 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : TENN.
☞ Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished customers. au15 2mdaw

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,
Irving Block, 254 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.,
HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE OR IN BOND,
800 BARRELS
YANNISSEE, WESTMORELAND,
AND OTHER BRANDS WHISKY.
oct1 and 6m daw

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.,
COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTORS
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
HANOVER BUILDINGS, - - HANOVER SQUARE, NEW YORK.
☞ Advances made on Shipments to Liverpool and London. oc24 1m

SOUTHERN FURNITURE HOUSE!
McKINNEY, BRYSON & CO.,
NO. 228 MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE.

MCKINNEY, BRYSON & CO. are now in receipt of their usual fall supply of FURNITURE, CARPETS, etc., at greatly Reduced Prices, and which they offer for sale at prices beyond competition in this or any other market. Their stock of

Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany and Oak Antique and Modern Parlor, Bedroom, Library, Dining and Hall Furniture

is the most extensive and best assorted in the South, together with every variety of COUNTING HOUSE AND OFFICE FURNITURE. To Wholesale Dealers we offer great inducements, having at all times a large stock of Common Lounges, Bureaus, Safes, Tables, Chairs, Mattresses, etc., purchased specially for the trade.

In their Carpet and Upholstery Department will at all times be found a complete assortment of

Royal Medallion Velvet Carpets,
Tapestry Velvet Carpets,
Body and Tapestry Brussels Carpets,
Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets,
Dutch Wool and Hemp Carpets,
Venitian Twilled, 3-4 and 4-4 wide,
Rugs, Crumb Cloths, Floor and Stair Linen,
Stair Rods and Plates, Cocoa, Manilla,
Canton and Cane Mattresses, Etc.

A full line of CURTAIN MATERIALS, WINDOW SHADES, CORNICES, Etc.

French and German Brocatelle; Satin Delaines and Silk Striped Damasks; Worsted and Cotton Damask.

French Lace Curtains, Nottingham Curtains, Window Cornices, Curtain Bands, Hooks, and a great variety of Trimmings.

WINDOW SHADES OF ALL COLORS, from 6 feet to 15 feet long; Buff Green and White Hollands for Shades.

FRENCH PLATE LOOKING GLASSES, Pier, Mantel, Oval, Cheval, in price from $75 to $900 per pair; also, common Looking Glasses in frames, from 25 cents to $6 50 each; Looking Glass Plates from 17 by 10 to 60 by 32.

Also, MATTRESSES, Spring, Hair, Moss, Cotton, Jenny Lind, Excelsior and Shuck Mattresses on hand and made to order.

Parties furnishing houses entire or in part, will find it to their interest, and should not fail to look through our stock of goods before buying elsewhere. They are prepared to furnish either cabin or palace.

Goods carefully packed for shipping.

Carpets made up and put down on short notice. Lambregains and Full Curtains made and put up.

All articles warranted as represented. Address,
McKINNEY, BRYSON & CO.,
No. 228 Main Street.
SAM'L J. CAMP. P. H. BRYSON. JAS. W. McKINNEY.
oct1 1m

S. B. WILLIAMSON. N. HILL. N. FONTAINE.

WILLIAMSON, HILL & CO.,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
326 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

IN view of the near approach of the Fall season, it affords us much pleasure in again being able to call the attention of our friends and the public at large to our recently enlarged stock of Goods, comprising in part as follows:

100 hhds Bacon Sides, 300 hhds Pork, 20 hhds B Shoulders, 500 pcs Kentucky Bagging, 100 coils Machine Rope, 40 tons Iron Ties, 200 bbls sand'd Ref. Sugars, 100 sacks Coffee, 100 bbls Molasses,

And all such articles usual in our line of business.

☞ As heretofore, Mr. HILL (of our firm) will give his undivided attention to the sale of all Cotton consigned to us, and hope to be able to give such satisfaction as has met his efforts on previous occasions. au30 3m

D. B. FORSTER. CHAS. W. KEALHOFER. THOS. DAY

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,
GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
209 Main Street, 4 Doors North of Adams, Memphis, Tenn
sep17 3m

VEHICLES.

WOODRUFF & CO.
No. 179 Main Street,
Memphis : : : : Tennessee.

—DEALERS IN—
CARRIAGES
ROCKAWAYS, BAROUCHES,
Park Phætons, Buggies, Wagons
AND ALL KINDS OF
Carriage and Wagon Material,
Iron, Springs, Axles, Bolts,
SPOKES, HUBS,
Enameled Leather, Enameled Duck
Cloths, Damask, Carpets,
White Lead, Paints and Oils.
All of which are offered at low prices.
sep6 3m

TAILORS.

MURRAY & RIDGELY,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
31 Madison Street,
HAVE just received their magnificent and beautiful assortment of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
The best and handsomest ever brought to this market. Our friends and the public will please accept our thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon us. Hoping to merit a continuance of the same in the future, we invite them all to call and examine our stock.
We have engaged the services of Major J. M. RIDDICK, late of J. M. Wagner & Co.'s, and he will be pleased to see and wait on his numerous friends. sep24 3m

DRY GOODS.

WALK R BROS. & CO.,
Wholesa Agents for the Celebrated
NORWICH MOLDED COLLARS
MOLDED EQUAL IN EVERY RESPECT
the Gray Collar, and is the only Paper Collar made that can be
Cleaned with Soap and Water
WITHOUT INJURING.
oct3 tf 229 MAIN STREET.

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.
Cash Cash!
WE are daily receiving very heavy shipments of
Fall and Winter Goods,
—EMBRACING—
English, French and American Dress Fabrics,
Southern Made Osnaburgs, Shirtings and Sheetings,
Cotton, Wool and Silk Hosiery and Gloves,
10, 11 and 12 1-4 Red Blankets, ante n and all Wool Flannels,
—AND—
A General Assortment of Notions.
TERMS CASH.
ONE PRICE.
NO DEVIATION.
We have suspended ALL accounts (except to Merchants), and have reduced our prices. We sell FOR CASH, and hope no one will ask

TO THE PUBLIC.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL, one year.....$10 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, one year.....2 50
Any one getting up a Club of Two or more for the WEEKLY at the above rates will receive a copy gratis. Subscriptions always in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient Advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL will be charged one-sixth additional.
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY will be charged half of DAILY rates.
Local Notices 25 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line per month.
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.
AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 5, 1868

THE NEWS.

Quinces are $2 a peck in Boston.

Durant, Wis., is called the City of Onions.

Over 10,000 patents have been granted during 1868.

Bucyrus, Ohio, ships nearly 2000 bushels of apples a day.

The French fishery off Newfoundland has been a bad failure this year.

The average price for wool in Vermont at present is forty cents per pound.

The pecan crop of Texas will be unusually large this year.

There are over 60,000 professional beggars in London.

Charleston is prosperous, having three times as much trade this year as last.

Brigham Young wishes to dispose of thirty-five marriageable daughters.

The Sandwich Islands expect to raise 23,000,000 pounds of sugar next year.

At Canton, China, the Catholics are building a cathedral which will cost $3,000,000.

Brown bread and baked beans are among the acknowledged institutions of New England.

Gen. Lee has a Bible class of one hundred and five members in his college in Virginia.

Gov. Brownlow is in very ill health. It is believed by some that his condition is precarious.

Considerable money has been collected in Philadelphia, for the relief of the Swiss sufferers.

Public meetings are now allowed in Spain, in districts that have proclaimed for the new order of things.

Three expert counterfeiters, Augur, Michael and Martineau, have been arrested at Lawrence, Mass., and taken to Boston.

In New York city $100 is sometimes paid to journalists for writing a newspaper advertisement.

At the late fair of the Maryland Institute a cigar machine was exhibited, which made four cigars a minute.

Chicago has paid for amusements during the last nine months the sum of $326,358 55.

The *Herald*, of Portland, Oregon, thinks that State better for grape culture than California.

Mines of mica have been discovered in North Carolina, and are attracting attention.

A flock of ants ten miles in width recently swept across Shasta Valley, Siskiyou county, Cal.

Wm. Bishop, of New Haven, Conn., is said to have contributed $80,000 in aid of the Democratic national ticket.

Ninety three flocks of sheep were recently killed in Switzerland by a thunder cloud which passed over the country.

The New York underwriters during the last eight years have taken risks to the amount of $21,000,000,000, and received $161,000,000 in premiums.

Madame Retlig, of the Frankfort Matrimonial Bureau, advertises that she has plenty of American husbands for well educated German girls. Fee, $5

What will be done with ten thousand Chinamen when the Central Pacific Railroad is finished? Cut the canal at the Isthmus of Darien.

The *Gardener's Monthly* says that a great revolution has occurred in selecting fruit trees for planting. Bushy plants are now sought for.

A call has been issued for a State Christian Convention in Minnesota, to be held at Minneapolis, the first three days in December.

California contains 120,974,811 acres of land, of which it is estimated 80,000,000 acres can be devoted to profitable husbandry, barring earthquakes.

More than $500 000 worth of property has been sold to actual settlers within a radius of ten miles around Warrenton, Va., since the war.

Maj. Nat Louis, of San Antonio, Texas, recently sold 1100 head of cattle to Mr Billiet, of Dakotah Territory, at an average of $5, currency.

The British Government declines to recognize the claim of the Hudson Bay Company to the territory between Canada and the Pacific coast.

It has come out that the great wine estate, Chateau Lafitte, which was supposed to have been bought by M. de Rothschild for himself, at the price of 4,500,000 francs, was purchased in his name for M. Marfori, the paramour of the Queen of Spain.

Mr. Beecher differs with his church on the matter of baptism. By a formal vote, baptism is forbidden to any child whose parents are not both members. Mr. Beecher announces that, outside of the church, he will administer baptism to any child, one of whose parents is a Christian.

It is reported that the Erie Railroad Company has bought Pike's New York Opera House, for $850 000, and will establish their offices in the front of the building, retaining the opera house proper for its legitimate purposes. Railroad improvements of an extensive character are said to be foreshadowed by this purchase.

Last Friday the Indians tore up the track of the Union Pacific Railroad, Eastern Division, thirty-five miles east of Sheridan, Kansas, throwing off the engine, tender, four box cars, and one passenger coach filled with excursionists. The passengers were armed, and the Indians hovered round just out of range.

Last Thursday, a boy named Pike, nine years old, got his arm caught in a cane-mill, in operation on his father's farm, near Campbellsville, Kentucky. His mother flew to his assistance, and, having stopped the horse, was endeavoring to extricate him, when the horse again began pulling, and Mrs. Pike's arm was also caught in the machine. Both mother and son received such injuries, that the boy's arm was amputated between the elbow and the shoulder, and the mother's a little above the wrist.

Andrew Rowland, a farmer, residing four miles from Hagerstown, Md., was mysteriously murdered on Sunday night, the 18th inst. He was killed by being struck on the head with a club while in bed with his wife, and the murderer escaped. Lewis Snyper, an inmate of the house, was arrested at the time on suspicion, and subsequent developments led to the arrest of Mrs. Rowland on Wednesday last. Mr. Rowland was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He had his life insured for the sum of $5000, one-half for the benefit of his wife, and the remainder for the benefit of his children by his former wife. At his death his wife would be entitled to $500 from the treasury of the Odd Fellows, besides the $2500 insurance.

W. B. Wilkes, of Columbus, Miss., as well as Mr. Wormly, has made fruit-growing pay. Ten years ago he expended seventy-five dollars in the purchase of southern fruit trees, grapes, etc. Six crops has he marketed, netting him fully six thousand dollars, besides affording his family and friends rare treats of delicious fruits. A large porsion was not sold—none of the wine. He shipped this summer to Louisville, Cincinnati and Chicago, and received, clear of expenses, about three dollars per bushel, up to the 20th of July. After that time it did not pay, except on fine pears. Early fruit and fine fruit is what we should plant; it is as cheap to grow as late and common, and ten times as profitable. Hale's early peach brought six dollars per bushel in Memphis this summer. For six weeks Southern men can furnish the North with fruit without fear of overstocking the market.

A very interesting suit, N. vs. Isabella Palmer, is now being carried on before the Berlin courts. Mr. N., who lives now as a merchant in Schonhauser street, in Berlin, was, ten years ago, in Texas, where he bought a mulatto girl, named Isabella Palmer, for the sum of two hundred dollars. Eighteen months ago he arrived with the colored girl, in Berlin, where he continued treating her as a slave. Isabella, however, was informed by a lawyer that he had no right whatever to do so; so she appealed for protection to the authorities, who at once told her to get another situation, which, being a clever, good-looking girl, she found very speedily. But N., her former task-master and owner, now interposed another obstacle by saying that he was the girls foster-father, and, as such, had the right to forbid her to enter a situation as servant without his permission. He asked the police to have the girl brought back to him; but Isabella brought suit against him in order to test the justness of his claim. The neighbors of the ex-slaveholder are very much incensed against him, and will see to it that the girl sues him for wages from the time when he arrived with her to Berlin.

The New York Court of Appeals has just given an important decision in a case of life insurance. The widow of a man named Gibson had applied for the payment of insurance, and had been refused by the Company on the ground that her husband had invalidated his life policy by committing suicide. The Insurance Company also attempted to prove that Gibson was an atheist or infidel, and therefore that the suicide was intentional, the deceased not having the fear of God before him; but the Court ruled out this as irrelevant, and held that in an action to recover for an insurance upon the life of the deceased, it is incompetent to inquire into his religious faith with a view of influencing the question whether, in such case, death was occasioned by an intent of self-destruction or accident. The Court of Appeals therefore affirmed the judgment of the lower Court by giving judgment for the respondent, thus virtually establishing the principle that a life insurance policy is not of necessity invalidated by the suicide of the insured person; or, in other words, that though a man should be suspected of having committed suicide, his widow and children are not therefore to be deprived of the amount of his life insurance, whether he be a Christian or heathen.

A fearful description is given in the London *Telegraph* of barberities reported to have been recently practiced in Roumania. Last September, the Government mail was robbed of a large sum of money, and the Postmaster General was sent by the Government of the Hospodor to the locality where the loss occurred, with the privilege of adopting any measures he thought necessary to discover the thieves. The method pursued for extorting confessions from the accused was highly barbarous. A woman was hung to a beam, and had hot eggs placed under her arm pits, her husband was severely beaten, and reeds were driven under his nails into the quick. Other persons, for the space of ten days, were subjected to like tortures. They were beaten; they were tied by the hair to horses' tails and dragged through thorn bushes, and were tarred with petroleum and grease. The local officers of justice attempted to interfere for the protection of these unhappy prisoners, but were forbidden to interfere by the Minister of Justice. At last a letter, signed by twenty-three citizens, giving the particulars of these barberities, was published in a Bucharest newspaper, and a commission of inquiry was appointed. The evidence against the Postmaster General and his colleagues was too strong to be resisted, and they were dismissed from their positions, and sent before the criminal courts to be tried.

Bishop Duggan has prohibited dancing of any kind in the Catholic diocese of Chicago during fairs and bazaars, held for charitable purposes, on account of the many abuses reported on such occasions.

PERSONAL.

We have to make acknowledgements to Col. COLEMAN, of the Southwestern Telegraph Company, for courtesies. He has, for the hundredth time, fully justified the character he has always had with us for generous dealing, and a bonhommie of manner that enhances his gifts far beyond any computation of value.

THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

We are much indebted to this company for special telegraphic dispatches from all sections of the country, giving us additional news to that furnished by the Associated Press, touching the result of the general election. These dispatches are concisely and admirably arranged, and as reliable as any we can get from the North or Northwest.

LEFTWICH.

At last accounts SMITH, representing the ultra element of the Radical party, was fifty five votes ahead of our candidate with the following yet to be heard from: Four precincts in Tipton county, one in Haywood, two in Shelby, one in Madison, and all of McNairy but one precinct. From these there is little doubt that Dr. LEFTWICH will receive enough votes to balance SMITH'S present majority, and enable him to lead both his opponents by a majority, smaller to be sure than we at first counted upon, but enough for all practical purposes. Unless there is some illegal manipulation of the vote by the Radicals who have had exclusive control of the ballot boxes and Registration offices, we may count with certainty upon the election of JOHN W. LEFTWICH as Representative to Congress from the Eighth District.

"LET US HAVE PEACE."

Since the result of the election has become known many of our citizens have expressed their fears that it would have the effect of exciting the negroes into expressions and acts of enmity towards the white race, whom they have been taught by their leaders to believe are inimical to them. It is feared that they will construe GRANT'S election to the Presidency as achieving for them license to do whatever their wicked and designing leaders may project, and that they will precipitate, by open-handed indiscretions, a breach of the peace leading to deplorable consequences.

We hope that these fears (which we admit are to some extent well grounded) will not find realization. The men of the Republican party of the South, who control this unfortunate and ignorant element of our population, must by this time be well satisfied that the white people are abundantly able to protect themselves, and that now that all occasion for a discreet forbearance has been removed by the defeat of SEYMOUR, they are determined upon that protection and will enforce that obedience to law without which we cannot enjoy the peace so necessary to the prosperity of our section. Neither the negroes nor their leaders must presume that we feel cowed or dispirited by the election of Gen. GRANT, or that we will be in any degree less self-asserting than we have been. The result of the election has not impaired our manhood, nor diminished the natural powers and impulses that with our race underlie all constitutions and laws. We feel that this is our country. We feel that here we are to work out the destiny which Providence has prepared for us. We cannot shun it. We have not been able to do so in the past, and cannot in the future. We must bear our burdens, however intolerable and heavy, and keep right on, working at our every day pursuits, and reaping as much of profit and benefit as is possible. Whatever in the shape of idleness, viciousness or riot crops out is opposition to us, in the furtherance of our legitimate schemes of industry, must be put down, and promptly, by the fairest enforcement of the laws by those who govern. If these fall short of their duty, then the white people, who are destined to supremacy in this fair land of the South, will enforce the law, and so sharply and promptly that it will never have to be done again. The forbearing spirit of the Southern people is broken; henceforth they will hold all who infringe the peace to a strict accountability. "Let us have peace."

FEELING OF THE PEOPLE.

It is a noticeable feature of the good sense that actuates our people that the defeat we have suffered in the election of Gen. GRANT, while in individual cases it produces great depression, has had no perceptible influence upon trade, and none at all as to the future plans and purposes of any considerable number of them. The people of Tennessee, like those of the other Southern States, have passed through the ordeal of a great revolution, and have realized all of hardship, of trial, of misfortune that revolution could bring to them. Indeed, they are yet suffering from the political evils following as a consequence of this revolution, and accept GRANT'S election to the Presidency as only the natural result of the prevalent sentiment at the North that we are yet unconverted, and are as ready as we were in 1862 to precipitate a war between the States. More reflective than ever upon consequences and their sources, our people, especially the planting and commercial men, are not to be utterly cast down, as if without hope, simply for the reason that an opposing political party is for the time triumphant. They remember that within the next four years other elections are to take place, from which may follow results that will materially modify the victory of Radicalism on Tuesday last. They feel that whatever betides politically, we must live, and living, must engage as actively as ever in the affairs of life. Railroads must run, steamboats must ply our rivers, cotton, corn, wheat and all that is necessary to commerce and to life be produced. In other words the "pot must be kept boiling." The little ones are to be schooled, if GRANT *is* President. Indeed, their education becomes all the more necessary, in order that in the near or remote future they may assist to administer to them the justice now denied their parents in a proper dispensation of political power. Our country is new. Its physical progress must go on, and its gains must be in greater proportion than ever before, especially if we are to reap those solid and enduring benefits so glibly and earnestly pressed upon our attention by gentlemen who, in the public interest, have made that physical progress their study. It is only by actual war, intestine commotion, or a great commercial revulsion, that the development of the resources of the country can be arrested. Even under the oppressions, disturbances and threatened disturbances of last year, the South moved forward, and will attain as a result of its labors a profit of fully $100,000,000. So long as the fruits of labor are not intercepted by violence, or eaten up by taxation, money will be made, the wheels of commerce will revolve, and men in public and private pursuits will forget many of the political evils that beset them.

THE NEGRO VOTE.

As an element of political power the negro must hereafter be classed as belonging to the extreme wing of Radicalism in Tennessee. At the late election, neither personal considerations affecting his future welfare, nor appeals to his sense of gratitude for unnumbered benefits, could awaken in him any emotions of sympathy for the white people, with whom an inexorable destiny has linked him. A stolid indifference or an impudently cunning leer were in most cases the answers that were given to those of the Democratic party, who for the sake of a triumphant vindication of principle, stooped to solicit what should have been freely given by the negroes of Shelby county. Some few honorable exceptions are noticeable amid the ranks of the negro army of voters, but these are *so few* as to strengthen our conviction of the general unreliability of the race, when the claims of the Democratic party are in the scale. *Eighty six negro votes for Leftwich out of seven thousand five hundred registered*, tells the tale of negro suffrage and must settle beyond cavil the impossibility of the white men of the State ever hoping for their aid in any efforts they may make for the restoration of Tennessee to her old-time prestige for intelligence in government, statesmanship in council and honesty in the administration of justice.

The personal solicitation and addresses of men eminent in our party, the appeals of men of their own color who have sealed their devotion to the people of Tennessee by the surrender of their entire time and energy to the Democratic cause, these with the appeals of such Democratic journals as favored their enfranchisement, all failed to produce any response beyond 86, out of 7500 negro votes registered by Capt. SEARS.

As it has been in Shelby county, (so far as we are at present advised,) so it has been in every county in the State. The disparity in the number of votes polled for the Democratic and Republican tickets in Nashville and Clarksville would seem to indicate that the negroes, as here, there moved up in solid column for the men who have caught them in the meshes of Radicalism.

In all the counties of this District the same determined opposition has been manifested by the negro, and our candidate for Congress has been elected by the white vote so steadily constant to the cause of our race, and which has only proven successful in consequence of the division in the Radical ranks.

In thus openly avowing a preference for that element of the body politic of our State, which is at war with every interest in it, the negro has determined for himself a position of antagonism to the white race. He has thrown down the gauntlet of defiance, and forces the white people back upon that line of policy from which they should never have permitted themselves to be drawn. In Tennessee, hereafter, Radicalism will be interpreted negroism, in contradistinction to the Democracy of the white race.

—The regular tobacco year of the Louisville market closed on the 31st ult. The *Courier* of that date gives a review of the business for the year, showing the following items, that the sales for the past and three preceding years were as follows:

	Hhds. sold.	Value.
1868	29,508	$3,696,732
1867	39,162	4,420,758
1866	37,833	4,479,002
1865	15,075	

The stock left on hand amounted to 2133 hogsheads.

—Wishes of ladies: First, a husband; second, a fortune; third, a baby; fourth, a trip to Europe; fifth, a better looking dress than any of the neighbors; sixth, to be well buttered with flattery; seventh, to have nothing to do in particular; eighth, to be handsome, which is sometimes commendable, since to be plain or less is a defect; ninth, to be thought well of, which is also commendable, except it be from those whose opinions are worthless; tenth, to make a sensation; eleventh, to attend weddings; twelfth, to be always considered under thirty.

By Telegraph.

(By Western Union Telegraph Company.)

Special to the Memphis Appeal.]

PADUCAH, KY., November 4.—Three precincts heard from give Seymour, 321; Grant, 27. The city gives Seymour, 464; Grant, 185. Not near a full vote was cast by the Democrats. Trimble, Democratic candidate for Congress, will be elected by at least 6000 majority from this district.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 4.—The *Times* says at the hour of going to press with their first edition the chances favor the success of Grant and Colfax in New York and New Jersey by small majorities. The footing up between the Republican and Democratic counties in the State of New York so clearly approximate each other on the electoral ticket, as now reported and estimated, that we scarcely feel justified in saying New York has gone for Grant, though we have strong faith that the correction of the figures yet to be made will insure this result.

The *Herald* says Grant and Colfax have been chosen by the people of the United States our next President and Vice President. In this city the day passed off with less trouble than days gone by. The majority for Seymour is about fifty thousand, and that for Hoffman much larger. In Brooklyn Seymour is again distanced by Hoffman, although the city goes Democratic. The vote in the State is close, the returns indicating great Republican gains.

In Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire and Indiana the Republicans gain on their last majorities. Connecticut is claimed for the Republicans by 3000 majority, and Massachusetts goes Republican by 80 000 majority, with a Republican majority in the Legislature. Butler is re-elected to Congress over Dana by 6000 majority. It is highly probable that all the Northern States east of the Rocky mountains have gone for Grant, with the exception, perhaps, of New York and New Jersey.

The *Tribune* says: "Ulysses S. Grant was yesterday chosen President, and Schuyler Colfax Vice President of the United States, by the largest popular majority ever given to any candidates for those exalted stations. The States known to have chosen electors to vote for them, are as follows: Maine, 7; New Hampshire, 5; Massachusetts, 12; Rhode Island, 4; Connecticut, 6; Vermont, 5; Pennsylvania, 29; West Virginia, 5; Ohio, 21; Indiana, 13; Illinois, 16; Michigan, 8; Wisconsin, 8; Iowa, 8; Nebraska, 3; Tennessee, 10; California, 5; Nevada, 3; Missouri, 11; Kansas, 3; North Carolina, 10; Minnesota, 4; total, 203. This is more than two-thirds of the whole number of electors. The States known to have chosen the electors to vote for Seymour and Blair are as follows: Kentucky, 10; Maryland, 7; Delaware, 3; Louisiana, 6; Georgia, probably 10; Oregon, 3; total, 39. The election in this city yesterday was exceedingly quiet. Many who attempted to vote illegally were arrested, and a great many more undoubtedly succeeded in depositing fraudulent votes."

The *Tribune* says: At 1:50 a.m. the returns for Governor are far from complete, but Hoffman's majority in the city cannot fall far short of 60 000.

The *World* claims 7215 majority for Seymour in New York State. The *World* also claims in New York the election of a Democratic Governor, four Congressmen and a United States Senator. The *World* gives Hoffman's majority in the city at 70,933, and Seymour's at 59 891. In Brooklyn Seymour's majority is 10,076.

The *World* claims Alabama by 10 000 majority, Arkansas 5000, Delaware 2000, Georgia 20 000, Kentucky 75 000, Louisiana 20 000, Maryland 30,000, New Jersey 8000, New York 5000, North Carolina 5000, Oregon 3000, South Carolina 5000. We are happy to add that the probabilities at this hour of writing seem against the success of Johnson A. Griswold for Governor.

Lucy Stone and Mrs. Blackwell, her mother-in-law, offered their votes in the Eleventh Ward of Newark, N. J., yesterday, but the judges refused to receive them.

The report that the Ocean House, in Newport, R. I., was entirely destroyed by fire on Saturday night, is without foundation.

ALBANY, November 4.—The *Evening Journal* concedes the State to Seymour by 8000 majority, and Hoffman's by 20,000. It claims the Assembly by 74 Republican and 54 Democrats.

The *Argus* claims 10,000 majority for Seymour and 25,000 for Hoffman, and concedes the Assembly to the Republicans by a small majority.

The following has been made public:

The undersigned are of opinion that no public exigency requires the attendance of a quorum of members of Congress on the 10th inst.

E. D. MORGAN.
ROSS. SCHENCK.

WASHINGTON, November 4, 1868.

Green, Democrat, is elected to Congress in the Tenth District over Van Wyck, Republican, by 150 majory. Alleged fraudulent naturalization.

The *Herald* says: With the candidate the Democrats selected to carry their standard, nothing but defeat was to be expected; and we suppose not even the most sanguine member of the party anticipated any other termination than the election of Grant. "Let us have peace" is his motto, and we look now to see these words converted into acts; to see the olive branch substituted for the sword in the Southern States, negro supremacy quietly superceded, and such measures adopted as will create harmony out of discord, in the portion of our country comprised in States now suffering from a mistaken and vindictive policy, and we look and hope fully to this, that after the 4th of March next there will be a check put upon the monstrous corruptions which prevail in all departments of the Government; that economy shall succeed extravagance in the disbursement of public funds; that the public debt shall be reduced as rapidly as possible; and that taxes which press so heavily upon the people shall be made more easy to bear. The people expect Gen. Grant will accomplish this.

NEW JERSEY.

TRENTON, November 4.—The result in this State, so far as ascertained, figures up about 4500 majority for Randolph, Democratic candidate for Governor. The Democratic electors have about 2500 majority.

The returns are very close and incomplete. Seymour carries the State by about 2500 majority, and Randolph, Democrat, is elected Governor by about 4500. The Senate has twelve Democratic and nine Republican members. The Assembly has 32 Democratic and 28 Republican members. The Democrats have a majority on joint ballot of seven, which will send a Democrat to the United States Senate in place of Frelinghuysen. Moore, Republican, is elected to Congress in the first district by about 3000 majority; Haight in the second by about 6000 majority; Bird, Democrat, in the third by 3500 majority; Hill, Republican, is 100 ahead in the fourth district and probably elected, but by a close vote; Cleveland, Democrat, is elected in the fifth district by more than 1000 over Holsey, who will contest the vote.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, November 4.—No further news from the election in this State, except the vote of Humphreys, which gave a Democratic majority. The State has gone for Grant, but by a reduced majority.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 4.—The election is uncertain. Democrats claim the State.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, November 4.—All the precincts in the city, except one, and all in the county, except two districts, give Grant about eighteen hundred majority. Full returns from the county will probably give Grant twenty five hundred majority. McClurg's majority in the county will be about fifteen hundred. The suffrage question in this county will have some ten thousand majority against it. Jefferson county reports some three hundred Democratic majority. Audrian county gives about one hundred Democratic majority. Wells, the Democratic candidate for Congress, is elected by about two hundred majority.

SEDALIA, November 4.—Returns from this county come in slowly, but enough is known to show that the Radicals have elected their entire ticket. The vote was the heaviest ever polled in this (Pettie) county. The election passed off quietly.

LAPLATTE, MO., November 4.—Grant 61, Seymour 90, McClurg 61, Phelps 90, Democratic majority 29. Vote in 1866: Republican 47, Democratic 54; Democratic gain 22.

The full vote of St. Joseph has not been counted. Grant's majority in the city is 386—a Republican gain of 492 over the spring election. The majority for the Fourteenth Constitutional Amendment falls very little short of that figure.

KANSAS CITY, November 4.—This city gives about 700 Democratic majority; Westport 5 Democratic majority; Independence 400 Democratic majority. Vanhorn, Republican candidate for Congress, is probably elected, as the majority in Jackson county, in the Democratic stronghold, is less than expected. Returns come in very steadily, and local tickets are much split. The Democratic ticket is generally elected.

GEORGIA.

SAVANNAH, November 4.—The city is perfectly quiet to-day. Two police were shot yesterday by negroes. One is dead, and the other dying. The negroes on the Ogechee road are reported to be arming and gathering in large numbers, with the design of entering the city under the lead of Stedley.

An armed patrol on duty to-night reports the murder last night of a young man named Law, and it causes a deep feeling among the citizens.

Persons living on the Ogechee and Louisville roads have been compelled to come into the city for protection. Persons residing in the country, in attempting to go home have been ordered back by negroes. An organized force of whites have gone outside the city to remain during the night and guard the approaches to the city.

The Democratic majority in the State will be about 30,000.

NORTH CAROLINA.

WILMINGTON, November 4.—Democrats claim the State for Seymour. The *Morning Star* estimates the Republican majority at 8000. The election of Schoeber, Democrat, in the Sixth District is regarded certain. His competitor was Hon. H. B. Boyden. The Democrats are also confident that Dunham is elected in the Seventh District. Returns received here show a nett Democratic gain on the Convention vote of 3000.

RALEIGH, November 4.—No returns received from the western counties, and not enough other returns to determine the result in the State election.

Schoeber's (Democratic) election to Congress is conceded by Republicans.

ARKANSAS.

PINE BLUFF, (Pulaski County) November 3.—Republicans 342. Democrats 105. Republican majority in the county 2000.

AUGUSTA, November 3.—Democrats 291, all.

DEVALL'S BLUFF, November 3.—Democrats 39, Radicals 112.

HELENA, November 3.—(Township) 1250 Republican majority.

BATESVILLE, November 3.—Seymour 105, Grant 89.

JACKSONPORT, November 3.—Democrats 209, Radicals 62.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, November 4.—The Chamber of Commerce held a meeting to-day and adopted resolutions favoring the unity of railway lines from the Atlantic to the West, and deploring the sale of the State's interest in any road whereby trade may be turned from Virginia. It is stated that effort is being made in the interest of Baltimore to buy the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 4.—Thirty-five counties heard from; 31 counties give Republican gains over the October election of 3890. Four counties give a Democratic gain of 62, with the same rate of gain for the Republicans in the balance of the State. Grant's majority will be 14,000.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, November 4.—Full returns from Hamilton county give Grant 6334 majority—a Republican gain of 3498. The total vote of the county is 42,906—being 966 votes less than in October.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, November 4.—Grant's majority in Massachusetts will be 75,000.

Returns from all but 48 towns give Grant 71,522 majority.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, November 4.—Returns received to 11 o'clock indicate the election of John M. Krebs, Democrat, to Congress from the 13th district.

RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, November 4.—Rhode Island will give Grant 6000 majority. New York gives Grant about 8000 majority.

PENNSYLVANIA.

GREENSBURG, November 4.—Westmoreland county is estimated at 1100 majority for Seymour and Blair.

CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD, November 4.—The full vote of the State gives Grant 49,726, Seymour 46,381.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Scattering returns from different parts of the State of Nebraska show Republican gains. The Republican majority cannot fall short of 4000.

The election in Nevada is conceded to the Republicans.

The returns show Republican gains in Oregon.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, November 4.—The river is swelling slowly. The weather is clear and warm.

ST. LOUIS, November 4.—Arrived—Rubicon. Departed—City of Alton.

The channel to Cairo is improving. The Missouri river has risen 3 feet.

CAIRO, November 4.—Down—Marble City at 10 p.m.; City of Cairo at 4 p.m.; Cornelia at 7 p.m. Up—Belle Memphis at 11 a.m.; Luminary at 1 p.m.

The river fell two inches.

CINCINNATI, November 4.—Arrived—Westmoreland.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, November 4.—Cotton steady; sales 2500 bales; uplands, 30½. Superfine flour, $5 90@6 35. Rice dull. Coffee firm. Sugar steady; Cuba, 11@11½. Molasses firm. Wheat dull at 1@2 lower. Corn, $1 @1 16½. Brown sheetings, 15½@15. The Office Fruit Works, in N. L., has been sold to Jordan, Marsh & Co., of Boston.

Money active; call, 7. Aiken & Co., produce dealers, have suspended. Sterling, 9½@9⅝. Gold, 13⅜@13⅝. New Tennessee, 67½@67⅝.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, November 4.—Cotton easier at opening, still at close; Middlings, 28½@28¾; sales 5000 bales; receipts 7005 bales. Gold 34½. Sterling 44@45⅞; New York sight, ½@¾ discount. Sugar firmer; fair, 11@12; prime, 14; yellow clarified, 13@15½. Molasses firm; fair, 75; choice, 90. Flour dull and declined; superfine, $6 50; choice extra, $7 75. Corn—Supply light; new, 95; old, $1 10. Oats quiet at 60. Bran steady at $1 20. Hay—Market nearly bare at $1. Pork quiet and firm at $32 50. Bacon—Market nearly bare; prices firm; shoulders 14½; rib sides, 18½@19; clear sides, 19¼@20. Lard—Supply light; tierce, 17; half keg, 18¼@22. Coffee firm and unchanged.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, November 4.—Tobacco market firm. Flour—Superfine, $6@6 50. Wheat, $1 85@2. Corn—Old, 80@81; new, 45@50. Oat, 50@55. Rye, $1 30. Mess Pork, $31. Lard, 17½@18. Clear sides, 18½@19. Whisky, raw, nominal. Cotton, 25½@28.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, November 4.—Tobacco stiffer. Flour—Superfine, $4 25@5. Wheat, $1 40@2. Corn, $1@$1 08. Oats, 46@52. Pork $29 75. Bacon—Shoulders, 14; clear sides, 18@18½. Lard, 17@19. Whisky, $1 05.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, November 4.—Flour dull. Wheat unchanged. Corn—Old, 90; new, 70@82. Oats, 57@58. Cotton firm at 28½. Bacon sides, 17¾@18¾. Lard, 18½ and 16. Eggs, 30. Butter, 37@38.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, November 4—Evening.—Consols, 94¼; 5-20s, 74½.

FRANKFORT, November 4.—Bonds in demand at 79¾.

LIVERPOOL, November 4.—Cotton firm; sales 20,000 bales; middling uplands, 15½ and 15¾; Orleans, 15¾@15¾. Breadstuffs unchanged. Provisions dull.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MASONIC NOTICE.—Anzeetosas Lodge 168, will work in the E. A. Degree this Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

All E. A.'s in good standing are cordially invited.

By order JOHN ZENT, W. M.
JOHN BRAMISH, Secretary. nov5 1t

WANTED.—By an experienced Sawyer and Engineer, a situation at a Sawmill. Address A B Appeal office. nov5 3t

WANTED.—A business man to travel and to attend to the outside business of a first-class enterprise. $1000 required. Call at room 4 Worsham House, from 9 to 11 or 2 to 3 o'clock. nov5 2t*

FOR RENT.—A nice Two story Frame House, nearly new, containing seven rooms, with front and back yards. Apply at 45 Jefferson street, up stairs. nov3 4t*

FOR RENT.—A fine RESIDENCE on Beal street, No. 370, near Col. Topp's residence, in good condition—rent cheap.
ALLEN BROS.,
nov5 1w Commercial Hotel.

FOR RENT.—A COTTAGE with six rooms, lot 50 by 180 feet, good garden attached, on Lenox street, 200 feet from the Hernando street railroad. Inquire at the corner of South and Hernando road. nov5 3t

E. P. BATES & CO.,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors
AND PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 158 Front street, Memphis, Tennessee.
☞ Orders promptly attended to. nov5 2m

REMOVAL.
L. ROCCO,
No. 249 Main St.,
Opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I HAVE removed my place of business from the corner of Second and Madison streets to the above named place, where I will be glad to meet all my friends and customers.

Candies in all Variety, Cakes, Ernits, Nuts, Preserves, of Choice Quality.

My Candies are all manufactured from the purest Sugars, and I guarantee them free from any and all the numerous adulterations so often used by unscrupulous manufacturers.

I shall continue to carry on the GROCERY BUSINESS in connection with the Confectionery, as usual.

Remember the place, No. 249 Main street, opposite Odd Fellow's Hall.
nov5 1m L. ROCCO.

REMOVAL!
W. P. WRIGHT,
Produce & Commission Merchant
AND DEALER IN
HAY, CORN, OATS, BRAN, ETC.
HAS REMOVED TO
No. 11 Monroe St.
nov5 1m (Price & Yeatman's Old Stand).

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of E. A. Mehaffey, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of E. A. Mehaffey, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 4th day of November, A. D. 1868.
WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
nov5 12 19 Assignee, etc.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee.—In the matter of John R. Allen, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John R. Allen, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 4th day of November, A.D., 1868.
WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
nov5 12 19 Assignee, Etc.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Frank Lantery. Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Frank Lantery, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 4th day of November, A.D., 1868.
WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
nov5 12 19 Assignee, Etc.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Griffin & Weatherford. Bankrupts. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Thos. S. Griffin and Geo. K. Weatherford, individually, and as partners by style of Griffin & Weatherford, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 4th day of November, A.D., 1868.
WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
nov5 12 19 Assignee, Etc.

NORFOLK, VA.

WALTERS' NATIONAL HOTEL,
NORFOLK, VA.
J. M. WALTERS, PROPRIETOR. A STRICTly first-class house. sep18 6m

WM. A. PRINCE & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
25 and 27 Commerce Street.
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.
☞ Liberal advances made on consignments to us, or our New York or Liverpool houses. sep18 6m

NOTICE.

The State of Mississippi, Tunica county.—Probate Court, October Term, 1868.

IN the matter of the final account of William L. E. Hunt, Executor of Eli M. Driver, deceased, on his application for discharge from his said trust.

To Julia M. Driver, Sarah E. Hunt, Julia T. Hunt, Glice L. Driver and his children; Wm. Driver and his children; Allan Steiger and his wife Penelope and their children; Wm. Nichols and his wife Sarah, now deceased and their children, and all other persons interested in the estate of said Eli M. Driver, deceased:

You are hereby notified to appear at a term of the Probate Court of Tunica county, Mississippi, on the second Monday in December next, 1868, and show cause, if any you can, why the said final account of the said William R. Hunt, as Executor as aforesaid, should not be approved and allowed and the said Executor discharged from his said trust.

By order of said Court, October 5, 1868.
J. M. PHILLIPS, Clerk.
oct3 law4w T. J. WOODSON, D. C.

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS, T

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

THERE was no meeting of the Board of County Commissioners yesterday.

PIGEONS continue in great plenty in the market, and for sale around the stands.

THE Board of Aldermen will meet on Friday evening, at half-past two o'clock, for their regular monthly meeting.

A LARGE lot of beautiful dress goods, bought since recent decline, just opened at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

JOE LOCKE, 236½ Main street, has all the latest dailies, weeklies and monthlies, books, stationery, base balls, etc. 1w

THE Nicholson pavement has been laid between Main and Second streets on Monroe. The ground was being ploughed for it between Main and Front yesterday evening.

THE WEATHER yesterday was a pleasant mixture of cloud and sunshine, with the thermometer standing at 65° during the day. Towards night the clouds became quite thick toward the northeast and looked like rain.

WANTED —A man to canvass the city thoroughly for an established business. One who is acquainted with the city wanted. A moderate salary will be paid. Address "A. B. C.," APPEAL Office.

THE Chamber of Commerce is about to adopt the plan of sending a printed notice to each member, of every called or other meeting. The officers have some hopes of securing a quorum by this means, when the occasion is urgent.

GEORGE BARNES stole a lot of blacksmith tools from one Blair Dandridge, several days ago, and yesterday was arrested and carried before 'Squire Griffith, who postponed hearing the case until this morning at 10 o'clock.

'SQUIRE GRIFFITH yesterday tried Henry Ferriard for hitting Mr. Marzaretto with a mallet, on Tuesday evening. Ferriard was found guilty and fined $2 and costs, and put under bonds of $250 to keep the peace for six months.

ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING.—Yesterday afternoon, about half-past one o'clock, a man named Dennis Downs was slightly wounded by the accidental discharge of a pistol in the hands of a friend, while standing on the sidewalk opposite the Gayoso, on Shelby street.

DIXIE FARMER.—The third number of the second volume of this admirable publication reached us on Monday. The contents indicate the value and worth of the paper as quite equal to any of its character published elsewhere in the country. We commend it to the farmers of Shelby county and the surrounding country.

CHARLIE WILLIAMS has in his pasture a Durham beef which he intends to slaughter for Saturday's market, and which weighs twenty-five hundred pounds. It is a beauty, and we know that there will be a scramble for the steaks and roasts that will come therefrom.

QUICK TIME.—The New York *Commercial Bulletin* of Monday morning was received by us last night at six o'clock, or within *sixty hours* from the time it was published. This is the quickest time that we remember ever to have been made by the mails between New York and this city.

BURGLARS.—Dan Driscol and Jack Murphy, the two burglars whose arrest, armed with the implements of their profession, we mentioned yesterday morning, were yesterday carried before 'Squire Griffith, and Murphy was sent to the Criminal Court under $2000 bond. Driscol will be examined further this morning. Meanwhile in default of bail both parties were remanded to jail.

COLORED DEMOCRATS.—In pursuance of our offer to "publish them to the world," we will continue to give from day to day the names of the colored men who availed themselves of the occasion offered on Tuesday to "show forth their gratitude" to the white people among whom they live and for whom they work, by voting for the Democratic candidates. The following were reported to us yesterday: Cread Smith.

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF OF SHELBY COUNTY, MEMPHIS Tenn., November 4, 1868.

The gentlemen who acted as Special Deputy Sheriffs on election day, will please accept my sincere thanks for the prompt and efficient manner in which they discharged their duties as such. It is a pleasure for me to accord to the better portion of our citizens that they are always ready to assist the officers of the law in preserving the peace of the county. Respectfully,

A. P. CURRY, Sheriff.

THE AMENDE.—On Tuesday morning we published a statement furnished us by a colored man named Ned Adams, (whom we have known for years, and always deemed reliable), reflecting upon Moyers & Desderick, claim agents of this city. We were called upon by them and tendered an explanation of their method of doing business, through Capt. Gilham, a mutual friend, that, we deem it proper to say, entirely exonerated them from the charge of robbery and extortion alleged by Adams. We make this *amende* in justice to this firm, and in pursuance of our purpose, as public journalists, not to inflict an injustice upon inoffensive parties. Adams himself requests us to withdraw the strictures upon Col. Palmer, who, he is satisfied, does not participate in the nefarious schemes of which he complains.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—Coroner Samelson, yesterday morning, at nine o'clock, held an inquest on the body of George Reidelhuber, who was shot and killed, on Tuesday evening, by Daniel Earle. The jury returned a verdict that the deceased came to his death by a wound from a pistol in the hands of one Daniel Earle. Earle was arrested (as was stated by the APPEAL yesterday), and lodged in the First District Station House, whence he was yesterday taken, by virtue of a States' warrant, issued by the Coroner, and committed to the County Jail without bail. His examination comes off before Squire Kiernan this morning, at ten o'clock. John Bullock, Esq., who is his uncle, will defend the case.

THEATER.—A very good crowd indeed, assembled at the New Memphis last night to witness the *Lady of the Lake*, in which the full strength of the company was brought out. Mr. Hamilton showed the metal of his pasture in playing "James Fitz James," the noble, brave and impetuous King of Scotland. Mr. Higgins was excellent as "Roderick Dhu," and Mr. White as "Lord James," the banished Douglas. The female parts were well filled by Mrs. Lanagan, Miss Nellie Taylor and Mrs. Henri, Miss Taylor being especially admired as "Blanche," the maniac. The afterpiece was a rollicking, side-splitting farce—*A Ghost in Spite of Himself*—in which McWade and Lanagan shone resplendent.

IT is strange to see with what carelessness some invalids attend to their health. They will procure a box of Plantation Bitters, which ought to be used up in a month or six weeks, and upon inquiry it is found that they have used only two or three bottles. Some days they have used it according to directions, and others have not touched it. The whole trial has been irregular, and of course a less favorable result has come from their use. If it be true that "what is worth doing at all is worth doing well," how emphatically is it true in matters relating to the health. A few bottles of Plantation Bitters have often wrought wonders, while in other instances disease has only been subdued after weeks of resistance.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. 3td&w

LARGE lot Miles Cloth Shoes at $3 25 oct7 tf RICE & ENGEL, 233 Main St.

ELECTION RETURNS.

District and County Vote.

The returns from the civil Districts and from the balance of the Congressional District come in very slowly—unaccountably so. Up to the closing of his office yesterday evening, Registrar Sears had the following returns:

Civil District	Seymour	Grant	Leftwich	Nunn	Smith	Total
4	47	—	49	—	3	47
6	55	8	55	—	3	58
7	49	283	50	—	283	333
8*	—	—	—	—	—	—
10	29	—	29	—	—	29
11	53	3	53	1	2	56
13	28	2	28	—	2	30
16	72	8	72	—	8	80
Total	333	299	343	1	298	643

*The returns of the Eighth District being informal the vote was thrown out. There were twenty-four votes cast, and all of them for Seymour. These returns give Leftwich forty-five majority over Smith, which reduces his majority to 1942 in the city and neighborhood.

FROM THE COUNTIES.

the returns as we have stated are meager, the following being all that we have received:

	Seymour	Grant	Leftwich	Nunn	Smith	Total
Covington	411	31	411	18	12	442
Portersville	65	72	65	47	25	137
Dist. 5, Tipton Co.	48	—	48	—	—	48
Mason's Depot	178	780	178	691	86	958
Somerville	305	724	305	700	24	1029
Total	1007	1607	1007	1460	147	2614

In addition to the above, further returns, not official, which appear in another place, show Leftwich's majority in Fayette, Madison and Hardeman, with one precinct of McNairy county, to be 572 votes over either of his competitors. This, with the 343 and 1007, bring Leftwich to within 45 votes of Smith, so far as heard from. The remainder of McNairy county and the other precincts to hear from, will make Leftwich's majority about four hundred votes—not quite so large as we had hoped, but still a great victory.

AUCTION OF QUEENSWARE.—All purchasers at the auction of Eastland & Gilbert's stock, will call and get their goods immediately, or they will be sold.

MEMPHIS MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Commencement of the Regular Course.

Opening Address of Dr. Ramsay.

On Monday morning last, the Memphis Medical College commenced its regular course of lectures for the winter. Owing to a pressure of other matters, the election and the attendant labors and excitements, we have been unable hitherto to notice it.

About twenty-five students, from all parts of this and adjoining States, were present at the commencement, and Dr. Ramsay, Dean of the Faculty, delivered an opening address, from which we make the following extracts:

The doctor, in conclusion, returned thanks, and said that he deemed himself fortunate in being regarded by those with whose company he was honored, as worthy of occupying the chair of the principles and practice of medicine.

The faculty of our college are among the most learned, experienced and talented practitioners in our city, and the college is fitted up with every convenience and appliance for giving every student a thorough knowledge of his profession. We hope that the young men of this and neighboring Southern cities will avail themselves of the advantages thus offered to obtain a knowledge of the profession of medicine.

More than twenty years ago the very zealous efforts of a physician who had then but recently become a citizen of this city, resulted in obtaining the charter of the Medical College of Memphis. A faculty was organized with that physician in the Chair of the Principles and Practice of Medicine, who brought to sustain him in its duties a mind well skilled in study, and amply stored with an intimate knowledge, from his own observatory and familiarity with the observations of others, of the subjects he proposed to discuss. He was then in the vigor of a physical manhood, the integrity of which has preserved him in the exercise of an accumulated experience with astuteness of judgment even until now, advising and administering, furnishing consolation and giving sympathy where woe, and disease, and death are contesting with humanity. His services have been, and are being, expended in this city, selected by him, as the theater for his action, at a time in life when it is generally conceded the judgment is fully competent; and he now doubtless indulges satisfaction in view of this renewed prosecution of the effort made by him in the meridian of his manhood, and approves it by his judgment ripened through experience and matured in age. Three others of his colleagues, members of that first faculty of the Medical College of Memphis are yet living. The Professor of Chemistry, a citizen of St. Louis; the Professor of Midwifery, a member of the Senate of the United States of North America. His name may be preserved on the rolls of the membership of that body, but in history that will probably hereafter be written, it will shine with a bright luster in connection with circumstances which, though very far removed from any tinge of the ignoble, are at present esteemed best in silence. The then Professor of Therapeutics and Materia Medica, today, with less of the ambition of his earlier youth, but with all of its ardency, confirmed though tutored by the circumstances of the intervening years, and in the spirit of hearty co-operation, again enters upon the effort to sustain a medical school in Memphis, in association with others of experience, and of native talent so eminently cultured as almost to ensure success."

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—The following cases will be heard to-day on motion—pleas and demurrers:

Lehman vs Jenkins.
Ho-nell vs Padgett.
Andrews vs Brown.
State, etc., vs M. O. Hotel Co.
Hunt vs Wing.
Redmond vs Moremon.
Elliott vs Smith.
Doyle vs McGibbon.
Patton vs Eddins.
Sears vs Nox.
Choate vs Tighe.
Watson vs Haines.
Filley vs Rosenbaum.
Holmes vs Southern Asylum.
Keep vs Cannavan.
Francschi vs Lehman.
Mendel vs Dutlinger.
Wickersham vs Blythe.
Wilson vs Stewart.
Davis vs Durant.
McBain vs Scales.
Will-on vs Latham.
Block vs Walt.

LAW COURT—*H. S. Lee, Judge.*—The mandamus cases against Longue, Clerk of the County Court, were taken up and the argument of the opposite counsel resumed. This matter occupied the entire time of the Court yesterday. The argument was concluded at a late hour. No decision was rendered. The Court has taken the same under advisement and probably an opinion will be pronounced to-day. To-day the calendar of cases set for Monday will be called, and in addition thereto the following cases, to-wit:

1131 Reichmark et al vs Wearne et al.
1152 Wilkins vs McGrath.
1153 Williams & Co vs Grace.
1154 Woodard vs Arperson.
1135 Gorman vs Taylor.
1136 Nonsen et al vs Smith et al.
1137 Watson et al vs Burton et al.
1138 Gayoso Savings Institution vs Babb.
1139 Lunis & Co vs Paine.
1140 Greenwood vs Dill, ex'r, et al.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—This court did not convene yesterday. To-day the new cases on the trial docket will be called; also appealed cases from magistrates' courts. In cases where no attorney's name appears on the docket, the same will be summarily disposed of.

THE Boulevard Skirt, in great variety can be found at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

TO LIQUOR DEALERS.

Important Decision of the Internal Revenue Commissioner.

The following decision of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, given Saturday in response to an inquiry from the Collector of this District, will be found of interest to all concerned in the liquor trade:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, WASHINGTON, October 23, 1868.

SIR: Your letter of the 21st inst., in relation to the accounts and signs of wholesale liquor dealers, has been received. In reply, I have to say that the books prescribed in section 45, act July 20, 1868, must be kept by all liquor dealers who come within the definition of wholesale liquor dealers. They will not, however, be required to enter in detail any sale of spirits of less quantity than is required by section 57 of said act, to be stamped; that is to say, "packages of more than five gallons." Sales of smaller quantities and amounts may be elected each day in the aggregate.

To your question referring to wholesale liquor dealers' signs, required by section 18 of said act, I can only say that the requirement seems to be plain and positive, and there appears to be no way of escape for any liquor dealer who has placed himself within the category of wholesale liquor dealers except by paying the penalty. The law makes no distinction between the classes of such dealers, and no power has been conferred on me to make any or to relieve any person from the plain requirements of the law. Very respectfully,

E. A. ROLLINS.

[NOTE.—The last paragraph above is in answer to a question asked by the Collector, whether hotel keepers whose sales at the bar exceeded $25,000 should be required to keep this sign and record.]

ISLAND 10.

List of Confederate Dead Buried There.

TIPTONVILLE, TENN., October 20, 1868.

Mr. Editor: Some months since the Southern Burial Association of Madrid Bend published through your columns a card of thanks to those who had kindly assisted us in raising the necessary funds to advance its purposes; and at the same time a brief statement of the design of said society. We would now subjoin the further statement that all Confederate soldiers at Island 10, and vicinity, have been removed from their dangerous proximity to the Mississippi river, and are now resting in a neat cemetery in the interior. Out of seventy-three who have been reinterred, the following list is complete of all that are known, and even some of these have hardly marks of recognition. They are as follows:

No. 7—James H. Chamberlain, pilot Confederate States gunboat Pocahartrain; killed March 15, 1862.
No. 9—Wm. Rennick, seaman, killed March 15, 1862.
No. 12—Joseph Richer, 1st Alabama Volunteers, heavy artillery.
No. 22—John Nipp, company K, Farris' 24 Tennessee regiment of cavalry.
No. 28—Townsend, M. D., 6th Tennessee Infantry.
No. 31—E. Brudden, 1st regiment Alabama Volunteers; aged 17 years.
No. 32—W. Stephens, died March 17, 1862.
No. 33—W. C. B., died March 21, 1861.
No. 21—J. F.
No. 18—J. E.
No. 19—E. P. Rudden, 1st regiment Louisiana Volunteers, aged 17 years.
No. 44—Sam Gardner.
No. 45—J. W. Brenton, 12th regiment Louisiana Volunteers, company K.
No. 54—Alonzo Moor, Travis' Tennessee regiment.
No. 59—Henry Conn.
No. 60—Jenkins.
No. 61—P Ice, Arkansas Volunteers.
No. 62—Jno C. Moor.
No. 63—Lieut. Duff, Wheeler's cavalry; killed April 6, 1862.
No. 66—Armore, Street's Mississippi battalion cavalry.

We would respectfully request the editors of other Southern papers to give this list a place in their columns.

Yours, respectfully,
L. DONALDSON, Sect'y.

MAIL MATTERS.—The Grenada *Sentinel* has the following on this subject: Mail matters have been terribly mixed up here of late, on account of the total inability of a man named Guion, who is about as much fit for the position of mail agent as a pig would be. One day this week the train on the Central came up without any mail agent. We asked the cause, and were told Guion had been behind, at Canton, dead drunk. This man never goes up or down but something happens wrong. One day last week he threw out the Water Valley mail at this point, but where he left the Grenada mail heaven only knows. In fact, when he is on the road, the whole thing is turned topsy-turvey—nothing going on right. He is a near relative of the Second Assistant Postmaster General, and he is only successful in one thing—in his boast that he cannot be displaced.

CONVENTION.—The Young Men's Christian Association of the Northwest, at its last annual convention, (held October 3d, 1867,) determined to hold their next convention at St. Louis, Mo., and that an invitation should be extended to the South and Southwest. Recently it was decided to include in the invitation all Young Men's Christian Associations of the United States, Canadas and the Provinces, and to fix the time of the convention for November 24th, 1868. The convention will meet at the Second Baptist Church, corner of Second and Locust streets, St. Louis, on that day, and it is hoped that all the branches of the Society will be represented. We understand that the St. Louis Packet Company will take delegates at half fare, and we suppose their liberal offer will be imitated by all the boats and roads running to St. Louis.

JUST received, 50 dozen Alexander Kid Gloves, at $1 75 per pair, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

FREE LUNCH at the Monroe saloon, No. 313 Second street, this morning, from 10½ to 12½ o'clock. Jos. Fransioli, proprietor, one of the old barkeepers in the Brilliant, presides behind the bar. Give him a call. 1w

THE DAILY APPEAL *is delivered by faithful carriers, Seven times a week for twenty flev cents.*

FRESH OYSTERS.—J. D. Edwards & Co., No. 278 Second street, are daily receiving fresh oysters from Norfolk. They will sell oysters in any quantity from a pint to a barrel. Their prices defy competition, because they are reduced to a legitimate living rate. Oysters now are as cheap for family use as any article of food purchased. Call on them and satisfy yourselves. nc3 1w

THE DAILY APPEAL *is delivered by faithful carriers, Seven times a week for twenty-five cents.*

THE weather clerk, Uncle Billy Dardis, has removed from No. 2 Adams street to No. 63 Jefferson. no2 1w

A FINE lot of black and colored Alpacas just opened by Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. tf

MINCE and Fruit Pies, also Cream Cakes, fresh every morning at Joseph Specht's, 57 Madison. oc28 1w

THE DAILY APPEAL *is delivered by faithful carriers, Seven times a week for twenty-five cents.*

ATTENTION TAX PAYERS.—City, school and police scrip and county warrants in sums to suit tax payers, can be obtained at the lowest rates at the Memphis City Savings Bank, corner of Jefferson and Front streets. tf

GAGE & FISHER, 308 Front street. 1m

COUNTY SCRIP! COUNTY SCRIP!! wanted at Memphis City Savings Bank, corner of Jefferson and Front streets. oct27 tf

TO GERMANS.—Notices or advertisement in the German language will be received and published in this paper. A careful and competent proof reader will see that they are printed correctly. tf

$1 00 Premium

FOR THE LARGEST EAR OF CORN delivered to E. P. BATES & CO., Commission Merchants, No. 256 Front street. au23 2m

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

R. O. BRADLEY,

No. 377 Main Street,

Memphis, : : : Tennessee.

—DEALER IN—

CARRIAGES,

ROCKAWAYS, BAROUCHES,

Park Phætons, Buggies, Wagons

nov1 tf

GOLDEN RIDGE BLANKETS,
F. F. B. BLANKETS,
CLINTON BLANKETS,
CRIB BLANKETS,
—AT—
MENKEN BROTHERS.

Misses Walking Suits,
Boys' Cloth Suits,
Misses and Childrens' Sacques
Infants' Cloaks,
—AT—
MENKEN BROTHERS.

Spanish Veil Nets,
Roman Scarfs,
English Canton Flannels,
Shaker Flannels.
Flannels for Infants' Wear,
—AT—
MENKEN BROTHERS.

Cloaks—Velvet and Cloth,
Vienna Broche Shawls,
Scotch Plaid Shawls,
Silks, Velvets, Satins,
—AT—
MENKEN BROTHERS.

FURNITURE!

E. FEGAN,

Successor to John A. Dickinson,

256 Second Street, Irving Block,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

I am daily receiving all the new styles of Parlor, Chamber, Dining Room, Hall and Office Furniture, which I will sell at Louisville nd Cincinnati prices (adding eight only), and offer unusual inducements to cash customers. novi 1m

WHEATON NURSERY

Established in 1840.

A LARGE variety of Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, Evergreens and the finest varieties of Fruit Trees; also, a full assortment of Hot House Plants and Flowers, and everything usually found in a first class Nursery, which I offer for sale at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

The stock on hand having accumulated for the last few years, it becomes necessary, on account of a want of room, to dispose of the surplus, which I will offer at greatly reduced prices, and cheaper than any Nursery north or south of this point can possibly furnish them.

They are the selections of the late Dr. Wheaton, whose long experience is the best guarantee of their being not only what they are represented to be, but as being peculiarly adapted to the Southern climate—a market for which he devoted his especial study.

In addition to the above, I have a very large stock of Magnolias, which I can offer at greatly reduced prices, and which will be carefully packed for transportation by an experienced gardener.

Catalogues, with prices and any information wanted, will be sent on application to

WADLY THOMPSON,
P. O. Box 120, Memphis, Tenn.
Terms cash or city acceptances. nov1 dawtf

COAL.

HAYS COAL COMPANY,

DEALERS in best Pittsburg Coal. Coal shipped by the car load and in hogsheads. Office 22½ Main street, Memphis, Tenn. se23 1f

COAL, COAL, COAL!

MOUNT CARBON COAL

THE CHEAPEST

AND EQUAL TO THE

BEST SOLD IN THIS MARKET!

IT is burned by a large number of the principal citizens of Memphis, who pronounce it equal to any ever used. For FAMILY AND BLACKSMITH purposes has no superior. Free from sulphur, oilnter or slate. Orders left at office, No. 20 Madison Street, se18 W. C. POSTAL, Agent.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. M. GOODBAR, J. R. S. GILLILAND,

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES

HATS AND CAPS,

No. 201 Main Street, Webster Block,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants. sep8 3m

DAILY APPEAL

YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION

$10 00,

A REDUCTION OF

$2 00 PER YEAR.

Send in your Orders.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Thursday Evening, November 5.—Will be produced RICHELIEU—Richelieu, Theodore Hamilton. Friday, grand complimentary benefit by the citizens to Mrs. W. C. THOMPSON. Saturday, 2 o'clock p.m., Prof. Haselmayer's Matinee. Admission 50 cents to all parts of the house.

SCALE OF PRICES.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at quarter to 8 precisely. Box-book open from 10 o'clock a.m. to 5 p.m.

FALL MEETING, 1868,

—OF THE—

MEMPHIS ASSOCIATION.

Nov. 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14.

First Day.

FIRST RACE.—Hopeful Stake, for two year olds; dash of a mile; subscription $20, play or pay, Association adds $50; three or more to fill.

SECOND RACE.—Bluff City Stake, for three year olds; mile heats; subscription $30, play or pay, Association adds $200; three or more to fill.

THIRD RACE.—Overton Hotel Purse, $250; dash of one and a quarter miles; free for all ages.

Second Day.

FIRST RACE.—Saloon Purse, $300; mile heats; free for all.

SECOND RACE.—Railroad Purse, $500; two mile heats; free for all.

Third Day.

FIRST RACE.—Association Purse, $400; mile heats, three in five.

SECOND RACE.—Brinkley House Purse, $300; dash of two miles.

Fourth Day.

FIRST RACE.—Sweepstakes; subscription of $30 each, play or pay; for three year olds; two mile heats; Association adds $500; five or more to fill.

SECOND RACE.—Bankers' Purse, $400; mile and repeat; free for all.

Fifth Day.

FIRST RACE.—Post Stake; three mile heats; free for all; entrance $40, play or pay, Association to add $1000; entrance money to go to second horse; five or more to fill.

SECOND RACE.—Livery and Stable Keepers' Purse, $250; mile heats; free for all ages.

Sixth Day.

FIRST RACE.—Merchants' Purse, $400; mile heats, three in five.

SECOND RACE.—Consolation Purse, $250, for horses that have not won during the meeting; to be handicapped the day preceding the race; $50 to go to the second horse.

Stakes to name and close on the first day of October, 1868. Half the money offered in purses will be given for a walk over. Entrance to purses, five per cent. Entries must be made twenty minutes after the last race, each day, at the Judges' stand for the purse of the succeeding day.

The races will commence at 2 o'clock precisely each day.

Members can procure their badges of David M. Philp, Secretary, at the office of the Memphis Association Course, corner of Main and Jefferson streets, over Royster, Trezevant & Co.'s auction store.

Tickets and badges will be for sale at the Overton, Worsham and Commercial Hotels.

Pools will be sold at the Overton Hotel, every night, from 7 to 10 o'clock, p.m., and every morning during the races from 10 to 12 o'clock a. m. S. K. Raymond, Esq., Pool Seller.

The street cars will run every ten minutes to the race course, commencing at 12 o'clock each day.

The Bar and Refreshment Saloon will be under the management of Mr. J. H. Cameron.

A fine band of music will be in attendance each day at the course. Ample arrangements have been made to observe the strictest order and decorum.

COMMITTEE ON LADIES' STAND.—Messrs. H Sessal, jr., Geo. S. Robbins, R M. Drake, Maj W. Scruggs, and Maj. Val. Peyton.

JOHN DONOVAN, President.
DAVID M. PHILP, Secretary. no1-td

Dancing Academy.

PROF. MOOK has commenced his session of Dancing Lessons at his old Hall, 261 Second street, Jefferson block. For Ladies and Children, Wednesday and Saturday evenings; Gents, Tuesday and Thursday nights. Practicing parties every two weeks. oc22 1m

COTTON---COMMISSION.

J. W. DICKINSON. W. W. WILLIAMS. DR. B. F. DICKINSON.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

(Successors to J. W. Dickinson & Bro.)

COTTON FACTORS,

General Commission & Produce Merch'ts,

210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn

We have a Warehouse of our own, in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal advances made on consignments. sep1 3m

SAMUEL MOSBY. CHARLES DORION, JR.

MOSBY & DORION,

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,

Office—No. 15 Mosby & Hunt's Building, Up-Stairs,

No. 504 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton for sale or shipment solicited. Orders accompanying consignments carefully and promptly executed. Bagging, Rope and supplies furnished at lowest market rates. Cotton in store and by river insured, unless otherwise ordered. se14 dawlm

SPRAGUE, SOULE & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

BOSTON, MASS.,

REPRESENTED IN MEMPHIS BY

THOMAS TROUT & SONS,

208 Front Street.

Liberal advances made on consignments of Cotton to the above house; and, if desired, will be held as shipper may direct. sep17 3m

M. J. ROSSEL. W. C. C. FOSTER

ROSSEL & FOSTER,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 320 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

We will make liberal advances on all Cotton consigned to us for sale in this market. And when parties wish us to ship their Cotton to New York or New Orleans, we will advance, say two-thirds to three-fourths its value. This will enable merchants and planters to hold over such depression as we had last season, and realise the full worth of their Cotton.

All Cotton shipped to us and in store will be insured unless otherwise instructed. sep18 3m

T. S. NORMENT. A. P. GRAVES

NORMENT & GRAVES,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

No. 4 Howard's Row.

UP-STAIRS, : : : MEMPHIS, TENN

Bagging, Rope, Ties and Plantation Supplies furnished. au18-3m

S. M. ANDERSON. M. HAWKS. P. H. DAVIE.

S. M. ANDERSON & CO.,

COTTON BUYERS,

304 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments to GEO. BLACKBURN & CO., Boston, Mass., or A. C. SCHAFFER & CO., New York. oct11-1m

C. C. PARTEE. B. FRANK HARBERT. Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn.

Capt. J. S. CARUTHERS,

—WITH—

PARTEE & HARBERT,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

No. 11 Union Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. sept 3m

WM. McGEE, Memphis, Tenn. R. F. HERRON, Late of Shane, Bell & Co.

McGEE & HERRON,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

254 Front St., Up-stairs, Memphis, Tenn

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ti furnished at lowest market rates. dawsm

AUCTION.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

—AND—

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

Northeast Corner Main and Jefferson Streets.

TRADE SALE

—OF—

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS.

Our regular Trade Sale will take place this THURSDAY, November 5th, when we will sell, without reserve, about Fifty Cases BOOTS, SHOES and HATS, in lots to suit the trade.

VALUABLE FARM

—AND—

GARDEN LANDS

NEAR MEMPHIS,

AT PUBLIC SALE

WE ARE DIRECTED BY THE OWNERS to sell, at Public Sale, WITHOUT RESERVE, the following valuable Real Estate, which will be offered at our Salesroom, corner of Main and Jefferson streets, in the city of Memphis, at 12 o'clock, on

Wednesday, the 11th of November,

The CANNON TRACT, on the Randolph road, just north of the town of Raleigh, and near the celebrated Raleigh Springs. This tract will be sold in three divisions—one embracing the improvements, now occupied by Henry Cannon, containing 175 acres; one other division of 175 acres, with a good proportion of timber, and the other of 75 acres, all timber.

This property is put on the market to BE POSITIVELY SOLD, and should receive the attention of all parties wanting a permanent interest in the soil.

TITLE PERFECT.

—ALSO—

Fifty Acres in the Pope Tract,

FIVE MILES FROM THE CITY,

ON THE OLD RALEIGH ROAD,

Divided to suit purchasers. This land is admirably suited for Market Gardens, being good soil and free of timber. The land will be shown at any time to parties wishing to purchase.

OUR INSTRUCTIONS ARE TO SELL WITHOUT RESERVE.

Terms at sale.

Royster, Trezevant & Co., nov4 AUCTIONEERS.

GROCERIES AT AUCTION

By A. E. FRANKLAND,

197 Main Street, - Webster Block.

SALES DAILY 10 O'CLOCK A.M.

Groceries, Glassware, Furniture, Sundries!

novi 1w A. E. FRANKLAND, Auctioneer.

A. E. FRANKLAND.

AUCTION

—AND—

Commission Merchant,

No. 197 Main Street,

WEBSTER BLOCK, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

STRICT attention paid to all business intrusted to my care. *Account sales rendered immediately after sales, and prompt returns. Ample accommodation for Storage.*

A. WALLACE the Veteran Auctioneer, will be found at my house, to attend to all his old friends and patrons.

I respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of all my friends.

oc5 1m A. E. FRANKLAND.

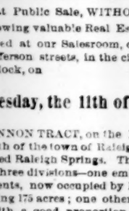
A. M. STODDARD & CO.,

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,

37 Union Street,

THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oc17 tf

GROVER & BAKER'S



HIGHEST PREMIUM

ELASTIC STITCH

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.

Beauty and Elasticity of Stitch.

Perfection and Simplicity of Machinery.

Using both threads directly from the spools.

No fastening of seams by hand, and no waste of thread.

Wide range of application without change of adjustment.

The seam retains its beauty and firmness after washing and ironing.

Besides doing all kinds of work done by other Sewing Machines, these Machines execute the most beautiful and permanent Embroidery and Ornamental Work.

The very highest prize, THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, was conferred on the representative of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, at the Exposition Universelle, Paris; 1867, thus attesting their great superiority over all other Sewing Machines.

Send for Circular.

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., novi 1m 325 Main Street.

W. J. JOHNSON,

—GENERAL—

Freight and Steamboat Agent,

se1 tf No. 7½ Madison Street.

J. M. Alexander,

(Late of Fulton, Tenn.,)

DEALER IN

New and Second-Hand Furniture,

No. 272 Second Street,

Ayres Building, - - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

STORAGE SOLICITED. oc28 1m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS!

MENKEN BROTHERS,

No. 263 Cor. Main & Court Streets,

OFFER TO THE TRADE.

"AT VERY LOW PRICES,"

A Large and Complete Stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

BOOTS, SHOES,

Clothing and Hats.

GOODS RECEIVED DAILY.

W. B. GALBREATH, WM. STEWART, AND NEW STEWART, JNO C FIZER

GALBREATH, STEWART & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

—AND—

COTTON FACTORS,

No. 11 Union Street, - Stonewall Block, - Memphis, Tenn.

WE have moved into our new and capacious Storehouse (as per card above), where we have on hand, and intend keeping up, one of the LARGEST STOCKS OF GROCERIES ever offered in this market. Our stock is well assorted and carefully laid, comprising in part

Bacon, Lard, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Bagging, Ties, Candles, Tobacco, Nails,

And, in short, every article usually kept in our line. We believe we can make it to the interest of dealers to buy in this market, and respectfully request an examination of our stock.

Our Mr. GALBREATH will give his undivided attention to the SALE OF COTTON.

All Cotton and other Produce consigned to us by river, will be covered by insurance, unless contrary instructions are given.

We return our thanks to our customers and friends for past patronage, and solicit a continuance of the same.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments to our New Orleans house.

STEWART, GALBREATH & FIZER,

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,

oc16 dawlm No. 46 Union St., New Orleans, La.

HARTFORD INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 15 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

FIRE AND INLAND POLICIES PROMPTLY ISSUED & UPON EQUITABLE TERMS

DWELLING HOUSES INSURED AT VERY CHEAP RATES

Capital Represented, : : : : : $8,000,000 00

Life and Accident Insurance, at Low Cash or Participating Rates, can be obtained, and Policies Granted from this Office.

sep17 3m H. P. BUTLER, General Agent.

REMOVAL.

200 Front Street. 200 Front Street.

On the first of September, I will remove to

200 Front Street.

ISIDOR ROSENBACH,

Rectifier, and Dealer in Liquors

au20 3m

The Oldest Dry Goods and Clothing House in Memphis. Twenty-Two Years in the City!

WALKER BROTHERS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, FANCY AND STAPLE.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,

NOTIONS AND FURNISHING GOODS,

And Manufacturers and Dealers in

Ready-Made Clothing

IN EVERY QUALITY. ALSO,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

229 Main St., Clay Building.

Especial attention of Merchants and Dealers generally is called to examine ours, the Largest and Best Assorted Stock in this City. We do not intend to be undersold by any house in this city, or by any one this side of New York.

WALKER BROS. & CO. oc18

HARDWARE. BROKERS.

ALLISON BROS., JACOB LEVY. S. BORG. L. LEVY

LEVY & BORG

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

GUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,

MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,

Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,

270 Front Street.

Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine our Stock, which we are now daily receiving, before making their purchases elsewhere. Our Stock is large and complete, embracing every variety in a GENERAL HARDWARE BUSINESS, and we feel assured that we can offer the Merchants superior inducements to trade with us. We are determined to suit them in prices. Come and see.

sep6 3m ALLISON BROS.

To Cotton Buyers and

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, November 4, 1868.

FINANCE.

The operations in local bonds and scrips to-day were light, and are likely to remain so until the latter part of the month, when to avoid the penalty of 1 per cent. which attaches after that time, we may look for some activity and an advance. City scrip is still probably the firmest of our local monies, and is hard to find in desirable sums. Dealers sell at 83@85 as to amount.

County Warrants are not in much demand, for the same reason given above. At present there is not a large amount upon the market, but it is thought that there very soon will be, and dealers are shy. We quote at 60@62½ buying. Selling at 64@65c.

The stock market is firm, with quotations nominal. Plain city bonds can be bought from dealers at 53c. Paving bonds are not sought after, but are held at the same as plain.

Exchange is abundant, with a small counter demand. Buying at ¼ discount on New Orleans, and at ¾ discount upon all points East. Selling on New Orleans at par to ¼ premium, and on all other points at par to ¼ discount.

Gold opened in New York at 133½, and at 2 p.m. had declined to 133¼. Our dealers buy at New York rates and sell at 135.

Currency, though not arriving as rapidly as it should do, is plentiful enough to take all customers' cotton bills without much trouble. Shipments have been out five days from St. Louis and had not arrived at closing hours to-day. The same delay is complained of in other directions.

Police Scrip is in very good demand at 80@81c. Selling at 85c.

There are eighty-six savings banks in New York State, with about $180,000,000; two-thirds being invested in Government bonds, and one-half held in the city of New York.

The deficit in the revenues of Spain this year aggregate £50,000,000 sterling. The Government is seeking for a loan of 200,000,000 crowns at 6 per cent.

The week ending on Monday last was one of unusual excitement in the New York money market, the two principal features of interest being the spasm in the money market and the developments in regard to the issue of Erie stock. The extreme tightness of money seems to have passed, and although nothing less than a 7 per cent. market can be looked for it is to be hoped that there will not be another period of such extreme closeness.

In the corresponding week of 1867 money tended towards easier rates, and loans were made in exceptional cases as low as 5 per cent. Governments advanced under favorable advices from London. Railroad stocks were rather weak, but supported by effort on part of cliques to keep up prices in order to unload stocks on the market. Gold fell off about 1 per cent. and with the large Treasury payments cash gold was easy.

Among the noticeable features in the general markets in that city for the same time was the firmness of cotton in the face of very large receipts; the decline of breadstuffs here and at the West, and in foreign merchandise the firmness of prices for most articles notwithstanding the declining tendency of gold. The dry goods trade was comparatively dull. In the corresponding week of 1867 cotton continued to decline, and fell off 1 cent in the week. Breadstuffs were unsettled, but without material change in prices.

The consolidation of the American Express Company and the Merchants' Union Express, under the name of the American Merchants' Union Express Co., has at length been accomplished. The general terms are fully agreed upon, and the directors met a few days ago to perfect the details. It is understood that an agreement is made upon terms of perfect equality—$18,000,000 of stock of the new company is to be issued—$9,000,000 to the stockholders of the American, and $9,000,000 to the stockholders of the Merchants' Union. The officers agreed upon as president, W. G. Fargo; general superintendent, Jas. C. Fargo, and assistant superintendent, C. T. Higgins. This arrangement is not expected in any way to disturb the relations the two companies hold to the other express companies with which they are now in virtual partnership.

COTTON.

There was a good demand in Liverpool at the opening to-day, with prices tending upwards; Uplands, 11¼d; Orleans, 11¾d, and at 1:20 p.m. was firmer, with prices a shade better, though not quotably higher. Sales, 20,000 bales.

The New York market opened quiet but firm. At noon it was quiet and weak, but not quotably lower, and at 2 p.m. there was a moderate demand, with prices very firm; Uplands, 25½c. Sales 2000 bales, most of which was sold after the Liverpool dispatch was received. In New Orleans at the opening prices were firm and demand moderate at 24½ for Middlings, and at 2:15 p.m. was more active at firm prices, with sales of 2000 bales.

Our market was rather quiet early in the day, but became firm and active before the close, with sales amounting to about 1500 bales. We quote as follows, with holders asking our outside figures:

Ordinary	21 @—
Goo Ordinary	21½@22
Low Middlings	23½@23½
Middlings	23½@24
Strict Middlings	24½@24½
Good Middlings	24 @25

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, November 4, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	1,282	
Received previously	50,672	51,954
		52,001
Exported to-day	719	
Exported previously	40,953	41,685
Stock on hand to-day, 12 m		10,346

TRADE.

This day was spent in gathering news fro n the election, and but little attention was paid to general business. While a general regret at the result of the Presidential election is freely expressed, yet there is a feeling of relief in knowing that the event is past—that we will now be able to devote all our attention to other matters. A large number of our business men viewed the approach of the day with no little alarm and dread, being satisfied that nothing short of a fight would satisfy at least a portion of the Radical party. The preparations made, however, by Gen Granger and by Cols. Beaumont and Curry to nip any such demonstration in the bud proved thoroughly effectual, and as the day began to wane a load was gradually lifted from the hearts of our people, and when it was known that the polls were closed without anything like a collision, the delight depicted in every face was plainly discernible. We, in this column, cannot forbear to remind our readers of the course pursued by the APPEAL throughout this campaign in reference to the question of negro suffrage, and now that the election is over and all candid men can see the result, we take this occasion to reiterate our opinion that it was one of the great stumbling blocks in the way of our success, and in common with all thinking men regret that it found advocates among the press of Tennessee. The first bulk meat of the season was offered in our market yesterday. A few casks were received by one of our houses, who held clear sides at 17c, but the demand as yet is rather light.

An article upon the question of breadstuffs in the West appears in another column, which will prove of interest to merchants and readers generally.

An important railroad decision has just been rendered by the Supreme Court of Illinois, involving a question of great interest to agriculturalists whose lands bound or adjoin any of our railroads. The question arose in several Circuit Courts some years since, and has been litigated with varied fortune, until at last the court of *dernier* resort has heard and determined it forever. Thus it runs: Farms lying contiguous to railroads, whose corner grounds are kept clear of grass, and whose grain fields or stacks take fire from locomotives, can recover damage. But where there is negligence on the part of both railroads and farmers, in permitting grass and weeds to grow on the railroad land adjoining the track, and in the fence corners belonging to the farm, so that fire takes on the farm from the railroad land, there can be no recovery. Mutual negligence forbids action for damage.

The Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad is finished to Rome, Ga. A train passed through to that place, from Selma, in twelve hours, on the 1st.

GENERAL MARKETS.

APPLES—Fair stock. Choice eating $3@7; inferior $1@5.

BEANS—Navy are dull at $1 50@3 per bushel.

BRAN—Stock fully equal to demand. Selling at $25 from levee, and at $28@30 from store.

BAGGING—Moderate demand and prices steady. Light Kentucky 19@19½c; heavy 20@22c; Jute 25@27c.

BACON—Market firm. Bright, large clear sides are held at 18@18½c; light sides 18c; clear rib 17½c; shoulders 14@14½c.

BUTTER—Large stock and prices weak. Choice Western 40@45c; good 35@38c; inferior not in demand.

CHEESE—Fair stock and demand. Factory 17½@18c; E. D. 17½@18c; W. R. 16½@17½c.

CORN—None in market. White, the demand is active; a few sacks of ear in store held at 80@85c.

CORNMEAL—Full at $1 65 delivered. Selling in a small way at $1 75@1 80 from store.

CHICKEN—Good demand at $1@1 50.

EGGS—Prices lower. Selling at 30@35c in boxes.

CATTLE—The market is well supplied with fair demand for choice, at 6@7c; inferior 4@5c.

FRUIT—Rather dull. Apples 6@7c; peaches 9@11c.

FLOUR—The market is dull and prices unsettled and irregular. Super to choice, $5 50@15. Stock large.

HAY—Fair stock in store, but none on levee Selling at $27 in lots, and $1 50 per 100 at retail

HAMS—Fair demand. S. C. canvassed 16@20c Country 17@18½c.

HIDES—Receipts light. Dry flint, 21@22c.

HOGS—Stock fully equal to the demand. Selling at 8@10c gross. Dressed hogs, 12½@14c.

IRON TIES—There is a fair stock on hand, with good demand. Selling at 7½@7½c, as to size of tie.

LARD—Kegs 20½@21c; tierces 19½@20c.

LIME—Fair stock and demand. Cape and Alabama $1 75@2; Eureka $2@2 25.

MESS PORK—Very light stock. Firm at $32@32 50 in lots, and jobbing at $33.

MOLASSES—Stock light with very fair demand. We quote New Orleans reboiled, in barrels, 65@70c. New Orleans syrups 80@85c; Eastern syrups 55@65c; half-barrels 5c higher.

MACKEREL—New kits No. 1, $2 75@2 90; No. 2, $2 55@2 70; No. 3, $2 30@2 50.

NAILS—Prices steady; rates, $5 20@5 40.

OATS—Prices are somewhat irregular. We quote at 60c in lots, and 65c from store.

OILS—Coal oil, 35@40c; lard oil, $1 40@1 75; linseed, $1 20@1 40.

ONIONS—Stock light. Choice are held at $1 75@2 per bushel; inferior $1 40@1 50.

POTATOES—Northern, in sacks, per bushel $1 30@1 40; Minnesota, per barrel $3 50@3 75. Sweet Potatoes 60@75c per bushel.

ROPE—Very little selling. Held at 9½@10c.

SUGAR—New Louisiana, 10@10½c; Porto Rico, 11@13c; coffee sugars, 13@14c.

SALT—Prices steady. Held at $2 10@3 25 per barrel of 280 lbs; 7 bushel barrels, 1 90@1 25; Liverpool sack, coarse and fine, $2@2 25.

SHEEP—Very few in market. Tennessee held at $3@6 per head as to quality.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $2@2 50.

TURKEYS—Only a few in market. Held at $15@18.

TOBACCO—The market is moderately active for all kinds of manufactured tobacco and prices are steady.

WHISKY—Fair demand for common at $1@1 25. High grades $1 15@1 20 with high stock; imitation Bourbon at $1 35@1 75; Bourbon $2 2@4.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR VICKSBURG.

Regular Memphis and Vicksburg U. S. Mail Packet.

COMMERCIAL.....Edson master
This elegant and swift steamer will leave as above
SATURDAY, 7th inst., at 5 p.m
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
nov5 3t No. 250 Front Row.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Regular New Orleans Packet.

THOMPSON DEAN.....Pepper master
This superb passenger steamer will leave as above
THIS DAY, 5th inst., at 9 a.m.
R. W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent,
nov5 1t 200 Front street.

FOR EVANSVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Evansville Packet

ROMEO.....J. V. Throop master
This splendid passenger steamer will leave for the above on
THIS DAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.
VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
nov5 1t 254 Front street.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Memphis and White River U.S. Mail Packet Co.

MAYFLOWER.....Ashford master
This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,
SATURDAY, 7th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
nov5 3t Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

Memphis and White River U.S. Mail Packet Co.

MAYFLOWER.....Ashford master
This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,
SATURDAY, 7th inst., at 5 p.m.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 250 Front Row.
J. A. Sayers, Passenger Agent. nov5 2t

FOR CINCINNATI.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company.
For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.

DARLING.....Lee Ware master
This elegant and fleet passenger steamer will leave
FRIDAY, 6th inst., at 5 p.m.
JAS. T. BOURKE & CO., Agents,
nov5 2t No. 12 Jefferson street.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company.
For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.

DARLING.....Lee Ware master
This excellent passenger steamer will leave as above
FRIDAY, 6th inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
nov5 2t No. 7½ Madison street.

Regular Memphis and Cincinnati Packet.
For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.

LOUISVILLE.....Thos. Bailus master
This superb passenger steamer will leave as above on
THURSDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.
VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
nov4 2t 254 Front street.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Packet
W. A. CALDWELL.....S. L. Haines master
This fine passenger packet will leave as above, on
THURSDAY, 5th inst, at 5 p.m.
T. A. KENDIG, Agent.
nov3 3t 304 Front st., Mosby Block.

"Old Reliable" Memphis and White-River U. S. Mail Packet Company, Semi-Weekly Line.

THE splendid side-wheel steamers LIBERTY No. 2, and MAYFLOWER, will form a Semi-Weekly line between Memphis and White River, leaving Memphis every Tuesday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock p.m., connecting at Duvall's Bluff with trains of the Little Rock Railroad for Little Rock and Hot Springs. Returning, will leave Jacksonport every Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m., and Duvall's Bluff every Wednesday and Saturday at 12 o'clock m.
JOHN E. DAVIS,
Sup't St. and W. R. Pkt. Co.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 250 Front Row.

Card Rates Memphis and White River Packet Company.

FROM MEMPHIS —TO—	Per 100 pounds.	Dry Barrels	Salt	Pork	Whisky	M'lasses	Corn, Oats and Bran
Des Arc*	35	50	40	75	1 00	1 25	35
Augusta, Searcy,*	40	40	75	1 00	1 25	1 50	35
Grand Gluze, Jacksonport,*	50	75	1 00	1 25	1 50	1 75	40
Powhattan, Pocahontas*	75	1 25	1 25	1 50	2 00	2 75	75

*And all Way Landings.
JOHN B. DAVIS, Superintendent.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
oc29 1f No. 250 Front Row.

Regular Memphis and Vicksburg United States Mail Packet.

THE ELEGANT STEAMER

COMMERCIAL

CAPTAIN JOHN EDSON,

WILL leave Memphis on SATURDAY, November 7th, for Vicksburg and the lands and will continue regularly in the trade, leaving here every Saturday, and Vicksburg for Memphis every Tuesday. Strict attention will be paid to all way business in the Bends.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
oc31 tf 250 Front street.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Packet.

MARBLE CITY.....Conway master
This new and splendid passenger steamer will leave as above on
THURSDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.
nov4 2t FLEM. CALVERT, Sup't.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad

TO MADISON AND LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Going West—Leave Memphis Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 a.m.
Coming East—Leave Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7:30 a.m. Arrive at Memphis at 1 o'clock p.m.
JAS. W. ROBERTSON,
oc2 General Superintendent.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily, Sundays accep'd,	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
Freight, daily, except Sunday	4:15 p.m.	7:00 a.m.

Take effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. aug16

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:20 p.m.	12:40 p.m
Through Express	10:50 p.m.	11:30 p.m
(This train does not leave Saturdays.)		
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at		6:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday)	8:25 a.m.	5:10 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express, R. R. time	6:30 a.m.	2:45 p.m
" City time	5:10 a.m.	
Night Express, R. R. time	3:15 p.m.	5:30 a.m
" City time	2:00 p.m.	

HUMBOLDT ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Memphis, Railroad time	4:30 p.m
" City time	4:10 p.m
Arrive	9:30 a.m

Ticket offices No. 277½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

MEMPHIS, November 5.—Yesterday afternoon was as warm almost as midsummer, and the sun shone out brightly with an occasional cloud flitting along the sky. The morning bore some appearance of rain and for a short time it did sprinkle.

We have no change to report in river matters at this point.

The Arkansas is falling very rapidly, with 3½ feet to Pine Bluff.

Hence to Cairo 7 feet is found.

The Lower Ohio is feeling the effect of the rains along the upper end of the river and is rising slowly.

Arrivals.

Steamer Pauline Carroll, New Orleans.
" Thompson Dean, St. Louis.
" Linton, Louisville.
" W. A. Caldwell, Ark. river.

Departures.

Steamer Pauline Carroll, St. Louis.
" Clifton, Cincinnati.
" Mississippi, New Orleans.

In Port.

Thompson Dean, Linton, W. A. Caldwell, Agnes.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There was considerable animation upon the levee yesterday. The Mississippi, Thompson Dean and Clifton were all receiving cotton and were moving it as rapidly as the limited help they could hire would permit. The negro roustabouts were too much exhausted after their labors at the polls to do any work.

The big steamer Thompson Dean came in yesterday, from above, flying light, as we thought, but were astonished to learn that she had on board 1100 tons. She added nearly 1000 bales of cotton to her freight last night, and as she don't get away until to-day, she will probably get as much more. The Dean is exclusively a freighter, and in building her Capt. Pepper proved that he knew what a first-class carrier ought to be. She will carry 3000 tons of merchandise easily, and if pushed could probably stow away 500 tons more. Capt. Bowler, formerly of the Continental, is her clerk.

The famous Mississippi left for New Orleans with about 800 bales of cotton and a good passenger trip. Among them were two bridal parties from this city and two more from some point above. The happy Memphians were Dr. Hodges and Mr. Simmons, with their lovely brides.

The Clifton left for Cincinnati with 1300 bales of cotton and a lot of second hand walnuts purchased by Capt. Stein.

The Darling will be in port this morning, and leaves on Friday for Cincinnati. Capt. Lee Ware is master, and our friend Power is in the office.

The United States mail steamer Mayflower, Capt. Ashford, leaves on Saturday for all points on White river.

The fine steamer Commercial, Capt. John Edson, with Jimmy Thompson in the office, will leave for Vicksburg and the bends on Saturday. She will be in port to-night.

The low water steamer Romeo, Capt. Josh Throop, with George Throop in the office, backs out to-day for Cairo and Evansville as a regular packet. Josh is a trump.

The Agnes, Capt. Scott, leaves on Friday for Louisville and all way points. She is a good steamer and will go through.

The gallant United States mail packet W. A. Caldwell backs out this evening for Pine Bluff and way points on the Arkansas, connecting with the packets for Little Rock and Fort Smith. Rube Haynes is her popular master, and our old friend Jack Chambers holds forth in the office, assisted by Bob Shields.

The Marble City, with Capt. Conway on the prowl and Mr. Corbyn at the desk, backs out to-day at 4 p.m. for Cairo and St. Louis. She makes close connection with the trains North and East.

Capt. Ed Montgomery is in town. He will ring out the Bismarck as soon as the water, which is now rising, in the Ohio will permit.

Capt. John B Davis and Clay Rice left for St. Louis to purchase a packet for the Arkansas.

Capt. Claycomb, formerly of the Linnie Brown, has been in the city for a day or two. He is prospering.

Not over one fourth, possibly not one-sixth of the Arkansas river cotton will come to this port. It is all going to New Orleans. Of that which comes here fully one half is consigned to Thos. H. Allen. The banks are covered with the staple awaiting shipment below. The Importer went out of that river with a full load.

Capt Jim Lee, of this city, has bought the Hesper. The price paid was $4500.

Dick Lamb, a well known pilot, died at Louisville on Monday from the effects of a fall some weeks ago.

The Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company, capital $61 000, and the Portsmouth and Cincinnati Packet Company, with a capital of $32 000, were incorporated Friday, certificates being filed in the office of Secretary of State.

The steamer Helena, laden with Government freight for Fort Randall, sunk last Saturday forty miles below Sioux City. Part of her cargo will be saved.

A Bethel church, similar to that of Cincinnati, with a Sunday school and eating-house attached, is being organized at St. Louis.

The Vicksburg *Herald* says: The Vicksburg arrived from the Crescent City yesterday, having an excellent trip of freight. From her officers we learn of an accident which befell the Wild Wagoner near Fair View landing, about twenty-five miles below Natchez The Wagoner was just behind the Vicksburg and was making a landing, passing through the swells of the Vicksburg over a shallow place, when her chimneys were shaken overboard, which presented a rather frightful aspect. A consternation was produced among the passengers and several of them plunged into the river, fearing an explosion would take place. No one was drowned.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR LOUISVILLE.

For Cairo, Evansville and Louisville.

AGNES.....Scott master
This new and magnificent passenger steamer will leave
FRIDAY, 6th inst., at 5 p.m.
ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents,
nov5 2t 5 Jefferson street.

Regular Memphis and Louisville Packet—For Cairo, Evansville and Louisville.

LINTON.....Lee Ware master
This new and magnificent low-pressure steamer will leave
THURSDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.
VINSON & DONAHUE,
nov4 2t 254 Front street.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company—U. S. Mail Line.

MARBLE CITY.....Conway master
This new and splendid passenger steamer will leave as above on
THURSDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.
nov4 2t FLEM. CALVERT, Sup't.

TRANSPORTATION.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

NEW FREIGHT ARRANGEMENTS

MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS ARE INformed that a

JOINT FREIGHT TARIFF

Has been arranged between Memphis and Stations on the MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL RAILROAD, by which Freights are delivered at those points

Without Change of Cars or Transfer

The inconvenience and delays heretofore existing will be obviated by this arrangement, and we are satisfied will prove of GREAT IMPORTANCE TO MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS.

Tariffs and other information can be had by application at 257½ Main street, or at the Depot.
A. S. LIVERMORE,
nov1 1m General Superintendent.

Quickest Route to New York

—AND ALL—

PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES

—IS BY THE—

Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Fall Schedule, September 13, 1868

Double Daily Through Trains

RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	5:10 a.m.	2:55 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	5:30 a.m.	3:15 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:50 a.m.	6:50 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:50 p.m.
" Cleveland	9:50 p.m.	8:25 a.m.
" Buffalo	3:25 a.m.	1:55 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:35 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:20 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	8:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	8:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

6th Trains connect for Nashville.
The 3:15 p.m. connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates,

Can be procured at the Company's Office, 247½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points in the West and South.

SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent,
aug16 ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD

Open to Madison

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMber 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:

GOING WEST—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.

COMING EAST—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.

The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.

Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in this city.

Freights for Madison or way stations received by P. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.

Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.

Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.
aug29 tf J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

TENSAS COTTON ROUTE.

Shortest, Quickest, Best---Via Memphis and Charleston Railroad and its Connections.

RATE ON COTTON PER 100 LBS.

From Memphis	Via Norfolk. Comp.	Via Norfolk. Uncomp.	Via Charleston. Comp.	Via Charleston. Uncomp.
New York	$1 38	$1 65	$1 50	$1 65
Boston	1 38	1 75	—	—
Providence	1 38	1 75	—	—
Philadelphia	1 22	1 45	1 22	1 55
Baltimore	1 14	1 45	1 14	1 45
Petersburg and Richmond	92	1 17	—	—
Norfolk	1 00	1 22	—	—
Charleston	—	—	85	1 25

This line gives Shippers advantage of TWO ROUTES.

For through Bills Lading or information apply to F. H. TALLY, General Agent, 278 Main street, or at the Depot. Agent at Depot.

Claims for LOSS OR DAMAGE PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.

W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent, Memphis and Charleston R. R.
JOS. C. LOPEZ, General Freight Agent, Memphis and Charleston R. R. oct10

Regular Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans Packets.

THE ELEGANT STEAMERS

RUTH.....Captain Rush Pegram.
—AND—
LADY GAY...Captain John Burke.

One of the above packets will leave Memphis for New Orleans every SATURDAY, at 5 p.m., or on the arrival of the trains.

RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE Agent,
oct28 1w 200 Front street.

FOR MOUND CITY.

STEAMER PEOSTA LEAVES every day for Mound City at 7 a.m., 9 a.m., 1 p.m. and 4 p.m. Landing at foot of Washington street.

MARK R. CHEEK, Master.
fe11

MEMPHIS & ARKANSAS RIVER Packet Compa'y.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that an organization has been effected under a charter granted by the Legislature of Tennessee, November 17, 1866, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company."

JOHN D. ADAMS,
J. M. TEBBETTS,
JAMES LAWSON,
R. L. HAINES,
HARRISON BLASDELL, } Directors.

The Line of Boats known as the "Memphis and Arkansas River U. S. Mail Packet Company," is merged into the above chartered company.

JOHN D. ADAMS, President.
J. M. TEBBETTS, Secretary.

The following boats will each make a trip a week until the new boats of the Company, now being built, are finished; leaving MEMPHIS as heretofore, on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 6 o'clock p.m:

Thursday, St'r W. A. Caldwell, Haines Master.

Monday, Steamer Ozark, Rowland, Master.

Connecting at Little Rock with the steamers Van Buren, Fort Smith and American, for all points above, as high as Fort Gibson.

From the 10th of November the new boats will be finished, and the Company will then run four boats from Memphis through to Fort Smith, giving direct communication with all points on the river, the Arkansas river now being in good navigable condition. Passengers and freight to put through to all points on the river without delay, and at reasonable rates.

All persons shipping freight for any point on the Arkansas river from North or East of Memphis, should have their goods consigned to JNO. D. ADAMS, Memphis. Merchandise shipped from New Orleans should be consigned to W. W. JOHNSON, Napoleon, Ark.

JNO. D. ADAMS, President.
T. A. KENDIG, Agent,
sep26 304 Front street, Mosby Block.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packets,

MAGENTA

Capt. J. FRANK HICKS; Clerk, JOHN BROOKS

MISSISSIPPI,

Capt. NAT. S. GREEN; Clerk, S. COOK CREIGHTON

ONE of these fine Packets will leave Memphis for New Orleans

Every Wednesday, Commencing on September 16th, and every Wednesday thereafter throughout the Season.

Their Cotton capacity is unsurpassed, while in all things necessary to make a splendid Passenger Packets, they are unequaled upon the river.

MART WALT & CO., Agents.
No. 272 Front street.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 250 Front Row.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
aug2 tf Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

MUSICAL.

LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS AND ORGANS.

317 | F. KATZENBACH, | 317

MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Sole Agent for Steinway & Sons and other first class Piano-makers. Also for Bacon & Hamlin's cabinet Organs, and their cheaper Metropolitan Organs, suitable for Church and Parlor.

EVERY INSTRUMENT GUARANTEED for from 5 to 10 years.

Good second-hand Pianos from $100 to $300.

SHEET MUSIC and Musical Merchandize generally.

Frames made to order.

Send for Descriptive Catalogue and Price List. oc22

WINES AND LIQUORS.

ALGEO & CO.,

[Successors to SMITH & LEECH,]

Rectifiers, Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors,

No. 342 SECOND STREET,

Memphis, - - - Tennessee.

OUR apparatus for the rectification of spirits are all new—the most complete and extensive of any establishment west of New York. We are now prepared to furnish a first-class article of

PURE SPIRITS,
COLOGNE SPIRITS,
ALCOHOL, Full Strength.

A full supply of low grades Whiskies always on hand at lowest rates. Also a full line of Copper Distilled and Bourbon Whiskies, to which we call the attention of Wholesale Buyers. oct18

WOLFE'S Schiedam Schnapps.

THE above Medicinal Beverage is manufactured by the proprietor, at his distillery, in Schiedam, Holland, expressly for medicinal use.

It is now some twenty years since the proprietor first introduced it to the American public, and during that time he has received over three thousand letters from physicians, indorsing it as the purest liquor they have ever used in their practice.

It is made from barley of the finest quality, selected with great care from the products of the most celebrated grain-growing districts, is flavored with the essence of the aromatic juniper berry, (of Italy, and is distilled by a peculiar process, which expels from the spirit every acrid particle.

As a means of preventing and correcting the disagreeable and often dangerous effect produced upon the stomach and bowels by a change of water—a visitation to which travelers, new settlers, and all unacclimated persons in the West, the South, and Southwest are peculiarly liable—the SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS will be found absolutely infallible; while in cases of dropsy, gravel, obstructions of the kidneys, diseases of the bladder, stricture, dyspepsia and general debility, it is recommended most emphatically by the most distinguished members of the medical profession.

It is put up in quart and pint bottles, in cases, with the name of the importer cut on the bottle and cork, and a fac-simile of his signature on the label. For sale by all respectable druggists and country merchants.

UDOLPH WOLFE,
Sole Manufacturer and Importer.
ESTABLISHED IN 1848.

MANSFIELD & HIGBEE,
sep11 eod2 Agents, Memphis

LUMBER, ETC.

Lumber, Lumber.

OLDEST lumber merchants in the South. Yard established in Memphis 1847. Building Material of all Kinds. Dressed and rough Flooring, Doors, Shingles Ceiling, Blinds, Laths, Weatherboarding, Glazed Sash, Fencing. We don't intend to be undersold. Yard and office, near 3rd Washington street, near river.
sep18 daw6m M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN.

PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.

CUBBINS, CUNN & COOVER

161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,

MEMPHIS, : TENNESSEE.

BUILDING AND FRAMING LUMBER OF all Kinds Sash, Doors, Blinds, Newel Post and Caps, Balusters and Railing, Lattice, Palings, Lath, Shingles and a choice lot of Seasoned Oak, White Walnut, Cypress, Yellow Pine and Poplar, Flooring, Ceiling and Weather Boarding, for

Sale Cheaper than ever Offered Before.

Planing, Turning, Scroll Sawing, Tenoning and Mortising, done to order. sep10 2m

TRUST SALE.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of the authority vested in me by Deed of Trust executed to me by James D. Ruffin on the 4th day of December, 1867, to secure the payment of certain debts therein specified, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 62, pages 516 and 517, I will, on

Saturday, the 5th Day of December, 1868,

At 10 o'clock a.m., at the northwest corner of Main and Vance streets, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, an undivided one-half interest in the following described lot or parcel of land in the city of Memphis, to-wit: The south part of block No. 27: Beginning at the northwest corner of the intersection of Main and Vance streets; thence north with the west side of Main street (100 feet) to a stake; thence west and parallel with Vance street 150 feet to a stake; thence south and parallel with Main street 100 feet to the north side of Vance street; thence east with Vance street 150 feet to the beginning, together with all the machinery, engines, fixtures, tanks, tubs, etc., used with and in said property known as the Candle and Soap Factory of Cornwall & Co.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.
F. C. WELMAN,
Marshal Louisville Chancery Court.
L. P. WETHERBY, } Deputies.
C. E. SHEPHERD, }
oc28 tds

TRUSTEE SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed by Wm D. Fly on the 9th day of March, A.D. 1868, to John D. Trotter, Trustee, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes payable as follows, to wit: One note for six thousand dollars, due and payable to Catherine P. Freeman on the 30th day of January, A.D. 1869, with date per cent. interest from date, and dated the 24th of March, A.D. 1868. One note of the same date for six thousand six hundred 66 100 dollars, payable to Martine P. Freeman on 30th day of March, A.D. 1869, with legal interest from date, and one note of same date for six thousand six hundred 66 100 dollars, payable to Catherine P. Freeman on 30th day of March, A.D. 1869, with legal interest from date, said Deed of Trust is recorded in the Probate Clerk's office of Tunica county, State of Mississippi, in Book E, of the record of deeds for said county, page 341. And by virtue of and in pursuance of a Decree of the Chancery Court of said Tunica county, made at the April term thereof, A.D. 1868, investing myself with the powers of Trustee in said Deed of Trust, the death of the said Jno. D. Trotter, Trustee as aforesaid, having been suggested to said Chancery Court, I will, on the

28th Day of December, A.D. 1868,

At the courthouse door in the town of Austin in the county of Tunica, State of Mississippi proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash the following lands as described in said Deed of Trust, as follows, to wit: All of section seven (7) of Township (4) of Range seven, (7), west, lying and being in said Tunica county and state of Mississippi. Sale within lawful hours. Title supposed to be good, but I will sell only as Trustee. J. F. SAMPLE, Trustee.
October 15, 1868. oc27 tds

Marshal's Sale.

Wm. Cornwall vs. Amelia Cornwall. In Chancery, No. 21,706.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1868,

About the hour of 11 o'clock a.m., sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the courthouse of this county, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months, for equal instalments of the purchase money, all that tract or parcel of land, lying and situated in the city of Louisville and State of Kentucky, beginning at the northwest corner of Washington and